

Burleson County Subdivision Regulations

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 24, 2022

STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF BURLESON

**ORDER ADOPTING THE BURLESON COUNTY
SUBDIVISION RULES AND REGULATIONS**

WHEREAS, the Burleson County Commissioners Court possesses authority to adopt rules governing plats and subdivisions of land within the unincorporated area of Burleson County; and,

WHEREAS, the Burleson County Commissioners Court has previously adopted rules and regulations governing plats and subdivisions of land within the unincorporated area of Burleson County to promote the health, safety, morals, or general welfare of Burleson County and the safe, orderly, and healthful development of the unincorporated area of Burleson County; and,

WHEREAS, the Commissioners Court of Burleson County deems it necessary to adopt a new set of rules and regulations stipulating the conditions under which the Court will approve plats of subdivisions for recording, in order to assist the County in providing for the safety of the public, in protecting the health of the public, and in overseeing the welfare of the public.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT ORDERED BY THE COMMISSIONERS COURT OF BURLESON COUNTY that the following rules and regulations be adopted as conditions precedent to the Court approving plats of subdivision for recording effective this date.

1. These rules, regulations and requirements are subject to changes, amendment, or alteration, whenever the Court in its judgment deems it to be in the best interest of the public.

2. These rules, regulations and requirements, and any and all future additions thereto and changes thereof, will be binding on all new subdivisions or re-subdivisions in Burleson County that are not within the legal jurisdiction of any incorporated city or town in Burleson County. Said rules, regulations and requirements shall apply in any subdivision, whether dedications therein are intended for private or public use. Subdivisions and re-subdivisions located within the statutory extraterritorial jurisdiction of cities, towns, and villages are subject to Interlocal Agreements with Burleson.

3. The procedure for receiving approval for, and the filing of, subdivision and re-subdivision plats, and for acceptance of the subdivision, shall be as outlined in the attached "Burleson County Subdivision Regulations."

Adopted this 24th day of January, 2022, by a vote of 4 ayes and _____ nays.

/s/ Keith Schroeder
Keith Schroeder
Burleson County Judge

ATTEST:

/s/ Anna L. Schielack
Anna L. Schielack
Burleson County Clerk

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The following individuals contributed to the preparation and adoption of these Regulations:

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ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section A Authority

These Regulations are adopted under the authority of the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, including particularly:

1. Texas Local Government Code
 - a. Chapter 232, County Regulation of Subdivisions,
 - b. Chapter 242, Authority of Municipality and County to Regulate Subdivisions In and Outside Municipality's Extraterritorial Jurisdiction, and
 - c. Chapter 245, Issuance of Local Permits.
2. Texas Transportation Code
 - a. Chapter 251, General County Authority Relating to Roads and Bridges,
 - b. Chapter 252, Systems of County Road Administration,
 - c. Chapter 253, County Improvement of Subdivision Roads,
 - d. Chapter 254, Drainage on Public Roads, and
 - e. Chapter 255, County Regulation of Sight Distances.

Section B Purpose

These Regulations have been prepared in general to aid in the orderly Development of Burleson County, Texas, and provide guidelines which will lead to a desirable environment. Specifically, they have been prepared for the following purposes:

1. To furnish the Owner with guidance and assistance in the expedient preparation and approval of his or her plat.
2. To protect the citizens of Burleson County by providing subdivision and Development guidelines for Residential Subdivisions, Commercial Subdivisions and Industrial Subdivisions.
3. To provide for the ability to construct Urban Subdivisions within the County and provide Development guidance for the same.
4. To provide for the welfare of the public by providing guidelines for the location, design, and construction of roadways, roadway intersections, drainage Improvements and other features that provide for the safety of the general public.
5. To provide for the proper arrangement and construction of Roads, and to ensure the proper relationship of Roads to existing or planned Roads.
6. To ensure adequate access for emergency response vehicles.

7. To ensure that Burleson County will not be burdened with substandard Roads in the future.
8. To establish orderly policies and procedures to guide Development of Burleson County.
9. To protect the citizens of Burleson County from an unreasonable tax burden resulting from substandard design and construction of public infrastructure or inadequate funding for maintenance of public facilities.

Section C Interpretation

In the interpretation and application of these Regulations, it is the intention of the Burleson County Commissioners that the requirements provided for herein shall be Minimum Requirements for the platting and developing of Subdivisions outside the corporate limits of a municipality and within Burleson County, and, where other court orders of the County are more restrictive in their requirements, such other court orders shall control.

Burleson County Subdivision Regulations are derived from Texas State statutes (Section A Authority) and any interpretations shall be in accordance with those statutes.

Section D Coordination with other Jurisdictions

All authority specifically provided to Burleson County, or agreed to between Burleson County and other local, state and/or federal agencies, shall be applied to the fullest extent. Specific platting and permitting requirements are subject to inter-local agreements which may exist for governing the Extraterritorial Jurisdictions (“ETJs”) surrounding incorporated cities within Burleson County. In the event no inter-local agreement exists, all Development must be approved by both the municipality and Burleson County with final approval to be granted by the County. To the extent that other laws conflict, the more stringent provision shall prevail.

In addition to compliance with the Subdivision Regulations of Burleson County, and with municipalities having ETJ, the Development and use of real property in Burleson County may be subject to regulation by other jurisdictions including, but not limited to, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (“TCEQ”), the US Corps of Engineers (“USACE”), Federal Emergency Management Agency (“FEMA”), United States Environmental Protection Agency (“EPA”), United States Fish and Wildlife Service (“USFW”), and other County regulations.

Section E Invalidity

In the event that any portion of these Regulations should be held unconstitutional, or invalid, other parts hereof shall not be affected thereby and they shall be held in effect unless and until otherwise changed by the Commissioner’s Court of Burleson County, Texas, and so recorded in its minutes.

Section F Health Issues

Owners of properties in Burleson County subdividing or re-subdividing the same shall familiarize themselves with the rules for sanitation and avoidance of water, air, or other types of pollution as established by Federal or State statute or regulation or by Burleson County. Special attention is called to regulations adopted by the Commissioner's Court of Burleson County, Texas relating to private sewage facilities.

Section G Effective Date

These Regulations shall be in full force and effect immediately upon their adoption by the Burleson County Commissioner's Court. Any Subdivision for which the Commissioner's Court has received a Preliminary Plan prior to the Effective Date of these Regulations shall be governed by those in effect at the time the plat was submitted for review.

Section H Compliance Required

As per the Texas Local Government Code Section 232.001 (See Appendix E.1), the Owner of any tract of land located outside the boundaries of any incorporated town or city in Burleson County, Texas that intends to subdivide a tract of land into two or more parts to lay out a Subdivision of the tract, including an addition, Lots, Streets, alleys, squares, parks, or other parts of the tract intended to be dedicated to public use or for the use of purchasers or Owners of Lots fronting on or adjacent to the Streets, alleys, squares, parks, or other parts, shall prepare and submit a plat for approval by the Commissioner's Court of Burleson County in accordance with Article 4 Section A.

A division of a tract shall include any division regardless of whether it is made by using a metes and bounds description in a deed of conveyance or in a contract for a deed, by using a contract of sale or other executory contract to convey, or by using any other method of conveyance of an interest in land.

Article 2. Definition of Terms

Section A Definitions

For the purpose of these Regulations, certain words shall be interpreted as follows:

- Words in the present tense include the future tense.
- Words used in the singular number include the plural, and words used in the plural number include the singular, unless the natural construction of the wording indicates otherwise.
- The word "person" includes a firm, association, corporation, trust, and company, as well as an individual.
- The word "Structure" shall include the word "Building."
- The word "Lot" shall include the words, "plot," "parcel," or "tract."
- The words "will" and "shall" are always mandatory and not merely directory.
- Words not specifically defined in Article 2 shall take their common dictionary meaning.

1. **100-Year Floodplain**

Any land that would be inundated by a flood having a one percent (1%) chance of occurrence or exceedance in any given year.

2. **100-Year Storm**

A storm having a one percent (1%) probability of occurrence or exceedance in any given year.

3. **AASHTO**

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials.

4. **Abandonment**

The legal process by which land dedicated to public use may revert to private use.

5. **Access Point**

A location for vehicular traffic to enter and exit the proposed Subdivision utilizing a connection to a Public Road.

6. **Aerobic On-site Wastewater System**

An on-site system of sewage disposal, which has been licensed by Burleson County, utilizing an aerobic treatment system designed to encourage use of the effluent for irrigation on the premises and with all effluent meeting the criteria established by the Burleson County Rules for On-Site Sewage Facilities.

7. **Amending Plat**

A plat solely for the purpose of correcting an error, omission, descriptions, relocations of Lot lines, scrivener's or clerical errors. The Amending Plat must be approved by Commissioner's Court, after which it shall be recorded and is controlling over the preceding plat without vacation of that plat.

8. Applicant

An individual seeking an action, a permit, or other approval under the provisions of these Regulations.

9. Application (Plat/Plan)

A submittal that includes a completed plat/plan Application form along with all required attachments which shall be required as part of that submittal. These attachments may include, but are not limited to, drawings, drainage or geotechnical reports or electronic data files.

10. Base Flood Elevation (BFE)

The water surface elevation resulting from the flood that has a one percent chance of equaling or exceeding that level in any given year (also called the Base Flood).

11. Block

A tract of land bounded by actual or platted Roads, waterways or other definite boundaries, or a combination thereof.

12. Burleson County Engineering Design Guidelines (BCEDG)

The guidelines adopted by the Burleson County Commissioner's Court and administered by the Burleson County Engineer for Development within the unincorporated areas of Burleson County. As of the date of the entry of this Order, these guidelines have not been finalized.

13. Building

Any structure having a roof supported by columns or walls and built for the support, shelter or enclosure of persons, animals or movable property of any kind and which is affixed to the land.

14. Building Setback Line

A line which marks the minimum distance a structure must be located from the property line, and establishes the minimum required front, side, or rear yard space of a building plot.

15. Business Day

A day other than Saturday, Sunday, or an official holiday as recognized by Burleson County.

16. Cancellation Plat

A Cancellation Plat is a plat as defined in Section 232.008 of the Texas Local Government Code and is utilized outside a municipality or its Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ).

17. Commercial Subdivision

A Subdivision of property that is intended for a use other than Single-Family Dwelling.

18. Commissioner's Court

The duly elected governing body of Burleson County consisting of the County Judge of Burleson County and the four (4) County Commissioners.

19. Common Area

A parcel or parcels of land or an area of water, or a combination of land and water within a Development site provided and made legally available for the use and enjoyment of residents of a proposed project.

20. County

All references in these Regulations to the “County” shall mean Burleson County.

21. County Attorney

All references made in this document to “County Attorney” shall mean the Burleson County Attorney’s Office.

22. County Commissioner

A duly elected and serving County Commissioner of Burleson County representing one of the four (4) County precincts.

23. County Engineer

All references in these Regulations to the “County Engineer” shall be construed to refer to the Burleson County Engineer, Development Engineer, or his/her designated representative. The term may also include any person contracting with Burleson County to review and implement development plans submitted in accordance with these rules. County Engineer and Development Engineer may be used interchangeably in these rules.

24. County Road

A Public Road or Street which has been either: a) dedicated to public use and accepted for maintenance by the County, or b) acquired by the County, or c) constructed by and maintained by the County.

25. Cul-De-Sac

A Street having but one (1) outlet to another Street and terminating on the other end in a vehicular turnaround.

26. Daughter Tract/Daughter Parcel/Daughter Lots

Any of the tracts or Lots created by division of a Parent Tract, including the remainder of the Parent Tract itself.

27. Dead-End Street

A Street, other than a Cul-De-Sac, with only one outlet.

28. Developer

See Subdivider.

29. Development

Any manmade change to improved or unimproved real estate that requires a permit or approval from any agency of the city or County, including, but not limited to, buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation, clearing, drilling operations, storage of materials or the subdivision of property. Routine repair and maintenance activities are exempted.

30. Dwelling Unit

A residential unit providing complete, independent living facilities for one (1) family including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, cooking, eating, and sanitation.

31. Easement

A grant of reservation by the Owner of land for the use of such land by others for a specific purpose or purposes, and which must be included in the conveyance of land affected by such Easement.

32. Effective Date

An Effective Date is the date upon which these Regulations were adopted with an order by Commissioner's Court.

33. Engineer

A person duly authorized under the provisions of the Texas Engineering Practice Act, as heretofore or hereafter amended, to practice the profession of engineering and who is specifically qualified to design and prepare construction Plans and specifications for Subdivision development.

34. Engineering Plans

A set of drawings and/or specifications, which may include paving, water, wastewater, drainage, or other required Plans, submitted to the County for review in conjunction with a Subdivision or a Development that bear the seal and signature of a Licensed Engineer in the State of Texas. This person shall be designated as the Engineer of record.

35. Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ)

The unincorporated area that is contiguous to the corporate boundaries of a City, as defined by that City, and within various distances of the municipality depending on the number of inhabitants of a municipality. Within an Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ), cities have statutory authority to adopt rules governing plats and Subdivisions as described in Section 42.021 of Local Government Code. Currently three municipalities exist in Burleson County: Caldwell, Snook, and Somerville.

36. FEMA

The Federal Emergency Management Agency.

37. Final Maintenance Acceptance

Maintenance acceptance by the Burleson County Commissioner's Court of public infrastructure Improvements constructed by the Developer in conjunction with the Development of land which may occur upon successful completion of the required maintenance period.

38. Final Plat

A map of a Subdivision intended to be filed for record with the applicable County records showing the location and boundaries of individual parcels of land subdivided into Lots, with Streets, alleys, Easements, etc., drawn to scale; includes a Final Plat, Replat, Amending Plat, Simplified Plat, and Vacating Plat meeting the requirements of these Regulations.

39. Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)

An official map of a community, on which the Federal Insurance Administration has delineated both the areas of special flood hazards and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.

40. Floodplain

Any land area susceptible to being inundated by flood waters from any source, as defined by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

41. Floodway

The channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the Base Flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one (1) foot.

42. Freeboard

An additional amount of height above the Base Flood Elevation used as a factor of safety (e.g., 2 feet above the Base Flood) in determining the level at which a structure's lowest floor must be elevated or flood-proofed to be in accordance with state or community Floodplain management regulations.

43. Homeowners Association (HOA) / Property Owners Association (POA)

A legally formed nonprofit organization operating under recorded land agreements through which (a) each Lot and/or homeowner in a specific residential area is automatically a member and (b) each Lot or property interest is automatically subject to a charge for a proportionate share of the expense for the organization's activities, such as the maintenance of Common Areas, and (c) the charge if unpaid, becomes a lien against the nonpaying member's property.

44. Industrial Subdivision

See Commercial Subdivision.

45. ITE

The Institute of Transportation Engineers.

46. Improvements

Any or all Road pavements, curbs and gutters, sidewalks, utilities, drainage facilities, topsoil, trees, grading, signs and crosswalks, and may also include walkways, streetlights or any other items normally considered as public Improvements.

47. Joint Review

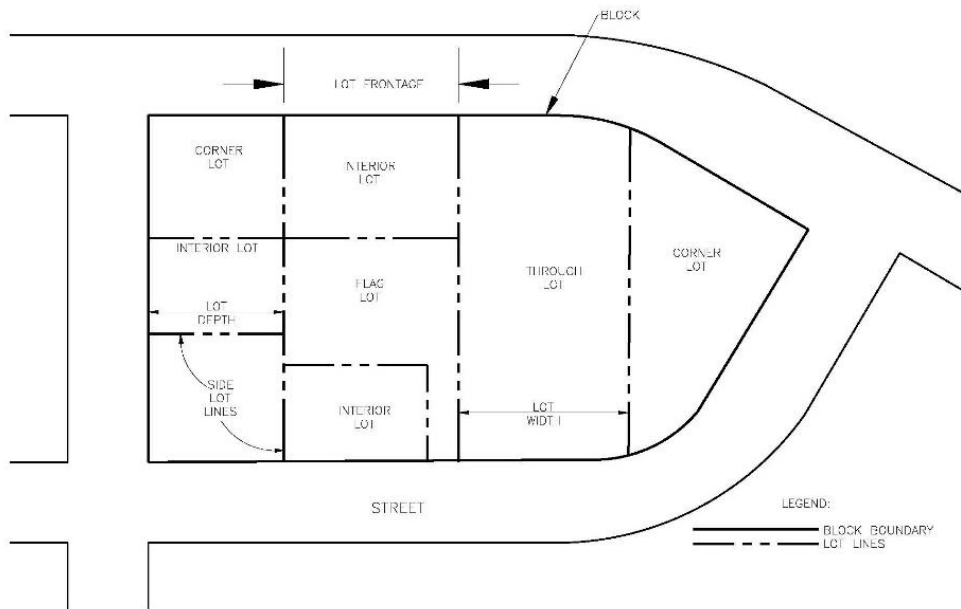
The review and approval of a Subdivision plat by both Burleson County and the municipality that also has jurisdiction over the proposed Subdivision.

48. Large Construction Activities

Construction activities including clearing, grading, and excavating that result in land disturbance of equal to or greater than five (5) acres of land. Large Construction Activities also includes the disturbance of less than five (5) acres of total land area that is part of a larger common plan of Development or sale if the larger common plan will ultimately disturb equal to or greater than five (5) acres of land. Large Construction Activities do not include routine maintenance that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or original purpose of the site (for example, the routine grading of existing dirt roads, asphalt overlays of existing roads, the routine clearing of existing Right-of-Ways, and similar maintenance activities.)

49. Lot

The physical and undivided tract or parcel of land as shown on a duly recorded plat. The following represent the various platted Lot types:



- a. **Corner Lot:** A Lot located at the intersection of and abutting upon two (2) or more Streets.
- b. **Double Frontage or Through Lot:** A Lot, other than a Corner Lot, which has frontage on more than one (1) Street.

- c. **Flag Lot:** A key or flag shaped Lot shall mean a Lot having gross disparities in width between side Lot lines, sometimes resembling a flag or flag pole, a key, or some other Lot shape of comparable irregularity. Key or flag shaped Lots shall not be prohibited if otherwise in compliance with the minimum Lot size requirements of this and other applicable regulations of the County and, provided that no portion of any such Lot is less than one-hundred (100) feet in width.
- d. **Interior Lot:** A Lot other than a Corner Lot.

50. Manufactured Home Rental Community

A plot or tract of land that is separated into two or more spaces or Lots that are rented, leased, or offered for rent or lease, for a term of less than sixty (60) months without a purchase option, for the installation of manufactured homes for the use and occupancy as residences.

51. Master Plan

A plan for the overall utilization of a particular area, including its allocation for residential, commercial or manufacturing uses and the corresponding impacts.

52. Minimum Requirements

Requirements when defined as minimum shall be the minimum acceptable requirements. Such requirements may be increased by the County due to unique issues pertaining to each Subdivision.

53. Multi-Unit Dwelling

A residential structure providing complete, independent living facilities for two (2) or more families or households living independently of each other and including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, cooking, eating, and sanitation in each unit. Condominiums are included in this definition.

54. Multi-Unit Residential Development

Any area developed or used for a structure or combination of structures intended for residential use and designed to purchase, lease or rent space in two or more units.

55. Non-Residential Development

Any area developed for a use other than Single-Family Residential Development or Multi-Unit Residential Development.

56. Notice of Intent (NOI)

A written application to TCEQ requesting coverage under a general permit to discharge stormwater from a disturbed site.

57. Off-site

Located outside the boundary of a Development.

58. On-site

Located within the boundary of a Development.

59. On-site Sewage Facility (OSSF)

One or more systems of treatment devices and disposal facilities that are used only for disposal of sewage produced on the site where the system is located as permitted by Burleson County.

60. Owner

The person(s), Developer, proprietor, Subdivider, or their successors, possessing title and/or lien to the property to be subdivided. This can also refer to the Owner's surveyor, Engineer, lawyer, or planner who has been given authority to represent the Owner.

61. Parent Tract/Parent Parcel

The original tract/parcel owned by the Owner prior to any division.

62. Peak Hour

Peak Hours relate to times of day experiencing the greatest hourly traffic flow rates. Two (2) "peaks" are to be addressed by a TIA: The morning and afternoon Peak hours (or projected Peak Hours) of existing (or planned) Roadways serving the proposed land Development. Typically Roadway Peak Hours are between 7:00 and 9:00 am and between 4:00 and 6:00 pm.

63. Phased Subdivision / Phased Development

Any land Subdivision that is developed with more than a single phase of construction.

64. Plans

Construction drawings, specifications, bidding forms and other documents required for construction.

65. Precinct Commissioner

The Burleson County Commissioner in whose precinct the Subdivision is located.

66. Preliminary Plan

A map or drawing of a proposed Subdivision prepared and meeting the requirements of these Regulations. The purpose of this map is to show the phasing of proposed Improvements to the Owner's property, as well as any proposed or future planned Improvements on any adjacent properties. This map is also intended to show the existing topography to evaluate the existing and proposed drainage patterns.

67. Private Subdivision

A Subdivision as defined by these Regulations which by request of the Developer is to be gated thereby limiting access by the public and will contain privately maintained Streets. These Subdivisions may be an Urban Subdivision or Rural Subdivision as defined herein.

68. Private Water Supply

A drinking water supply that is not a public source of drinking water.

69. Public Road

Any road that is under the jurisdiction of and maintained by a public authority and open to public travel.

70. Public Sanitary Sewer System

Any public or private sewerage system for the collection of sewage that flows into a treatment and disposal system that is regulated pursuant to the rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality and Chapter 26 of the Texas Water Code.

71. Public Water System

A Public Water System which provides the public piped water for human consumption, which includes all uses described under the definition of drinking water. Such a system must have a potential for at least fifteen (15) service connections or serve at least twenty-five (25) individuals at least sixty (60) days out of the year, or in accordance with the most recent TCEQ guidelines.

72. Registered Professional Land Surveyor (RPLS)

A person licensed, as of the date of the plan being presented, to practice land surveying by the Texas Board of Professional Land Surveying.

73. Regulations

The Burleson County Subdivision Regulations (this document), as amended.

74. Remote Emergency Access

A Road designed to provide emergency access to Lots that does not meet all road design requirements.

75. Replat

Any change to an approved plat to reflect any change in Street layout or other public improvement, Lot line, amount of land reserved for public use or the common use of Owners, or Easements shown.

76. Residential Subdivision

A Subdivision of property that is intended for Single-Family Dwelling use.

77. Right-of-Way

That portion of the Subdivision dedicated for Roads with the adjacent Lot lines being the boundaries of the Right-of-Way.

78. Road

The terms "Street" or "Road" are interchangeable and mean a vehicular way (including roadway cross culverts and bridges) and are used to describe all vehicular ways regardless of any other designation they may carry. All Roads shall be categorized into one of the following functional

classifications:

a. **Arterial Roads**

Arterial Roads are those that are principally regional in nature and are used for through or high volume traffic and shall be divided into the following sub-classifications:

- i. Roads which may serve vehicular traffic beyond the limits of the Subdivision; and/or connect one Collector or Arterial with one or more Collectors or Arterials.
- ii. Roads included as an Arterial on a County or city thoroughfare plan.

b. **Collector Roads**

Collector Roads are those which connect Arterial Roads with Local Roads.

c. **Local Roads**

Local Roads are those which principally provide direct access to Lots within a Subdivision.

In addition to these functional classifications, all Roads shall also be categorized as follows:

d. **Urban Road**

For the purposes of these Regulations, an Urban Road is any Road with concrete curb and gutter and an underground storm sewer system.

e. **Rural Road**

For the purposes of these Regulations, a Rural Road is any Road with any pavement surface and roadside ditch for drainage and all utilities constructed outside paved areas. Concrete curb and gutter may be used if utilized with a roadside ditch for drainage.

79. Simplified Plat

A plat that is used solely for the purpose of subdividing land that is undeveloped or used for Single-Family Residential Development purposes into one (1) to four (4) Lots, or for creating one (1) Lot when the Daughter Tract exceeds ten (10) acres.

80. Single-Family Dwelling

A residential unit providing complete, independent living facilities for one (1) family including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, cooking, eating and sanitation.

81. Single-Family Residential Development

Any area developed or used for single-unit structures intended for residential use contained on individually platted Lots.

82. Site Generated Traffic

Vehicular trips attracted to or produced by the proposed Development site.

83. Small Construction Activities

Construction activities including clearing, grading, and excavating that result in land disturbance of equal to or greater than one (1) acre and less than five (5) acres of land. Small Construction Activities also includes the disturbance of less than one (1) acre of total land area that is part of a larger common plan of Development or sale if the larger common plan will ultimately disturb equal to or greater than one (1) and less than five (5) acres of land. Small Construction Activities do not include routine maintenance that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, and original purpose of a ditch, channel, or other similar storm water conveyance. Small Construction Activities do not include the routine grading of existing dirt roads, asphalt overlays of existing roads, the routine clearing of existing Right-of-Ways, and similar maintenance activities.

84. Street

See Road.

85. Study Area Boundary

The limits of the area for which the analysis is to be conducted. This area shall be determined by the limits as outlined herein or as decided upon with consultation with the County Engineer.

86. Subdivider

Any person or persons, firm, or corporation subdividing a tract or parcel of land to be sold or otherwise handled for their own personal gain or use.

87. Subdivision

The division of a tract of land into two or more parts to lay out: (1) a Subdivision of the tract, including an addition; (2) Lots; or (3) Streets, alleys, squares, parks, or (4) other parts of the tract intended to be dedicated to public use or for the use of purchasers or Owners of Lots fronting on, or adjacent to, the Streets, alleys, squares, parks, or other parts (Sec 232.001, Texas Local Government Code). The Burleson County Commissioner’s Court has adopted guidelines and published them as the Burleson County Subdivision Regulations, stating when Owners are required to file a plat for a Subdivision. A Subdivision has the same meaning as an addition.

For the purpose of these Regulations, Subdivisions shall be classified as either Urban or Rural, as follows:

a. Rural Subdivision

Rural Subdivisions are any Subdivision with minimum Lot sizes equal to or greater than one acre in size.

b. Urban Subdivision

Urban Subdivisions are any Subdivision with minimum Lot sizes less than one acre in size.

88. TCEQ

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality and its successors.

89. Thoroughfare Plan

Official long range planning document adopted by Burleson County Commissioner’s Court that establishes a future roadway network system that will accommodate projected growth and Development. A Thorough Plan has not yet been established within Burleson County.

90. Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA)

A Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) provides information on the projected traffic expected from a proposed Development. A TIA also evaluates the impact of proposed Development on the Roadways in the immediate proximity of the proposed Development. The TIA should identify any potential traffic operational problems or concerns and recommend appropriate actions to address such problems or concerns.

91. TxMUTCD

The latest edition of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

92. TxDOT

The Texas Department of Transportation.

93. Utility Provider

All persons, firms, corporations, partnerships, municipality or other private authorities providing gas, electric, water, sewer, drainage facilities, telecommunications, cable television or other services of a similar nature for public consumption.

94. Vacating Plat

A Vacating Plat is a plat as defined in Section 212.013 of the Texas Local Government Code and is utilized within a municipality or it’s Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ).

95. Variance

A permit or approval that allows for a departure from the required standards of these Regulations. Variances are intended to resolve practical difficulties or unnecessary physical hardships that may result from the size, shape or dimensions of a site, location of existing structures on the site, or geographic, topographic or other physical conditions on the site or in the immediate vicinity. Financial and/or economic hardships are not sufficient grounds for the granting of a Variance.

Article 3. General Subdivision Requirements and Exceptions

Section A Subdivision of Property

The Owner or Owners of any tract of land situated outside the boundaries of any incorporated town or city in Bureson County, Texas, who, subsequent to the Effective Date of these Regulations, has divided or will divide the same in two (2) or more parts for the purpose

- (i) of laying out any Subdivision of any such tract of land, or
- (ii) for laying out Lots, or
- (iii) to lay out, Streets, parks, alleys, or squares, including an addition, or other portion intended for public use, or for the use of the purchasers or Owners of such Lots fronting on or adjacent to the Streets, alleys, squares, parks or other parts of such tract,

must comply with the rules and Regulations adopted herein and as provided in Texas Local Government Code Section 232.001.

A division of a tract includes a division regardless of whether it is made by metes and bounds description in a deed of conveyance, or in a contract for deed or other executory contract to convey or by using any other method of conveyance of an interest in land.

Section B Exceptions to Plat Requirement

In accordance with Texas Local Government Code Section 232.0015, a plat is not required if the Owner's division of a tract of land into two (2) or more parts, does not include laying out part of the tract with Streets, alleys, squares, parks or other parts of the tract intended to be dedicated to public use or for the use of purchasers or Owners of Lots fronting on or adjacent to the Streets, alleys, squares, parks or other parts; and if the following conditions are met:

1. the land is to be used primarily for agricultural use as defined by Section I-d, Article VIII, Texas Constitution or for farm ranch, wildlife management or timber production use within the meaning of Texas Constitution, Article VIII, Section I-d-1; or
2. the Owner divides the tract into four (4) or fewer parts, if each Daughter Tract is sold, given or otherwise transferred to a person who is related to the Owner within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity as determined under the Texas Government Code, Chapter 573; or
3. all of the Lots are more than ten (10) acres in area; or
4. if all the Lots are sold to Veterans through the Veterans Land Board program; or
5. if the land to be subdivided belongs to the state, any state agency, board or commission, the permanent school fund or any other dedicated funds of the state; or

6. if the Owner of the Parent Tract is to retain part of the Daughter Tract and the remainder of the Parent Tract is to be transferred to another person who will further subdivide the Daughter Tract in accordance with these Regulations; or
7. all Daughter Tracts created from the division of one Parent Tract are to be transferred to persons who owned an undivided interest in the Parent Tract and a plat is filed as required herein before any further Subdivision occurs.

Section C Requirements for Exempted Property

Even if a particular division of land is not subject to the requirement of platting, aspects of the Development and sale of the land will be subject to the following:

The applicable portions of the County's current Regulations and Development permit procedures including but not limited to rules for driveway permits, OSSF, Floodplain hazard management, and 9-1-1 addressing.

Section D Loss of Exception

A tract which has qualified for an exception from these plat requirements shall lose such exception if it ceases to meet the requirements set forth in Section B above.

Section E Political Subdivisions

These Regulations shall not apply if the Owner of the land to be divided is

- (i) a political subdivision of the state;
- (ii) the land is in the flood plain; and
- (iii) the Lots are sold to adjacent landowners.

Article 4. General Platting Procedures

Section A Plat Application Procedures & Requirements

Unless otherwise specifically exempted in these Regulations, a plat is required when a Parent Tract is divided into two or more Daughter Tracts. Exemptions to platting are defined in the Texas Local Government Code Section 232.0015 and further explained in the Burleson County Platting Flowchart contained herein.

1. If the property to be platted lies entirely within the corporate limits of a city, the Owner shall consult directly with that city pertaining to all platting procedures and requirements.
2. If the property to be platted lies entirely outside of the corporate limits of a city and all ETJs, platting procedures and requirements shall be in accordance with these Regulations.
3. If the property to be platted lies fully or partially within the ETJ of a city, the platting procedure shall be accomplished in accordance with the current, applicable inter-local agreement (Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 242) between the County and that city.
4. It is the obligation of the Applicant to submit all information necessary as required by the plat Application and these Regulations to permit proper review. Incomplete submissions will be rejected and a new Application must be filed.
5. The plat Application, review and approval procedure for all plats will be the same as that for a Final Plat for Subdivisions within the County, and shall be as follows:
 - a. The Applicant shall submit a complete Application and the appropriate review fee. Confirmation of receipt does not approve the Application, nor waive requirements for additional information which may be needed to review the plat.
 - b. The County Engineer will review the Application for completeness and compliance with these Regulations.
 - c. The County Engineer will return written comments and recommendations to the Applicant or, in the case of a Joint Review, to the appropriate city.
 - d. The Applicant shall address the comments and recommendations and, if necessary, set a meeting with the County Engineer to resolve the comments.
 - e. The Applicant shall resubmit the necessary documentation with the appropriate changes for additional review and/or consideration by the County Engineer. Once all revisions have been completed and addressed to the satisfaction of the County Engineer, the Burleson County Commissioner's Court shall have thirty (30) days to act upon the Application.

- f. No plat shall be considered by the Burleson County Commissioner's Court until all conditions of approval have been met. No approval in any form including, but not limited to, the County Judge's signature or verbal Commissioner's Court action shall be given on any Subdivision until the Owner has provided all necessary recorded Easements, and has met every Subdivision requirement or has obtained a Variance.
- g. An Application submittal shall expire forty-five (45) days after the date the Application is filed if:
 - i. The Applicant fails to provide the documents or other required information.
 - ii. The County Engineer provides the Applicant no later than ten (10) Business Days after the date the Application is filed written notice of the failure that specifies the necessary documents or other information and the date the Application will expire if the documents or other information is not provided; or,
 - iii. The Applicant fails to provide the specified documents or other information within the aforesaid forty-five (45) day period.
- h. An Application shall expire five (5) years after the date of the Application if the project becomes dormant, as defined by the Texas Local Government Code, as amended.
- i. If a plat or Variance is approved with condition(s), all conditions must be met prior to filing the plat for record.
- j. A Preliminary Plan is valid for a period of two (2) years from the date of approval by the Burleson County Commissioner's Court. Each Final Plat which is a phase of an approved Preliminary Plan shall extend the expiration date of the Preliminary Plan an additional two (2) years from the date the Final Plat was approved by the Commissioner's Court.
- k. A revised Preliminary Plan may be required if there has been a revision to the applicable Flood Insurance Rate Map since the approval of the original Preliminary Plan.
- l. It shall be unlawful to cause to be recorded, any Preliminary Plan of land with the Burleson County Clerk.
- m. Following approval of a Final Plat by the Burleson County Commissioner's Court, the Applicant shall submit the Final Plat to the Burleson County Development Engineer for recording in accordance with the requirements of the Burleson County Clerk's office. Applicant is responsible for all filing fees.
- n. If a Final Plat is not recorded within two (2) years of the approval by the Commissioner's Court, the approval of the Final Plat expires. A single six (6) month extension may be granted by the Commissioner's Court.

Section B Procedure Summary

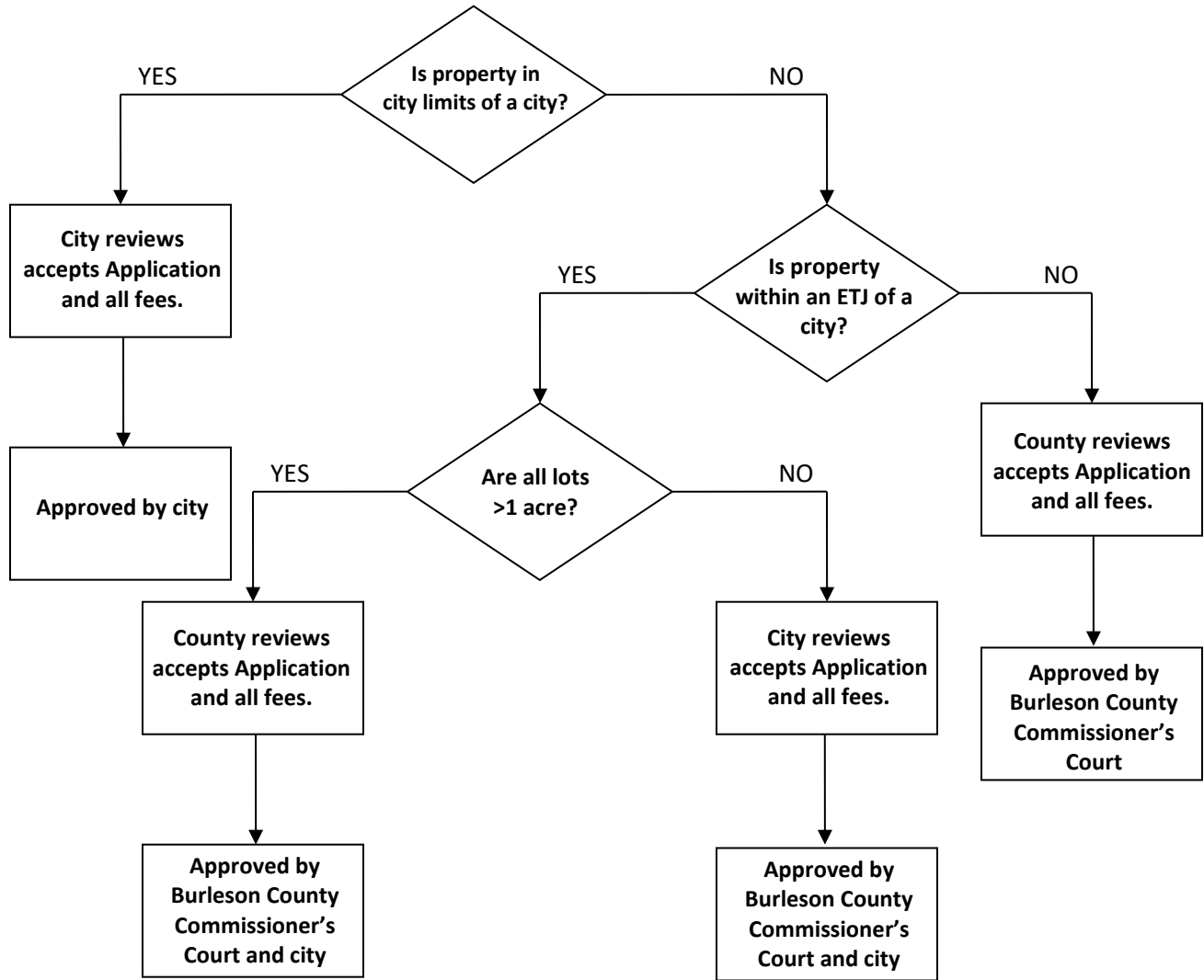
1. Any Owner or Developer of any Lot, tract, or parcel of land located outside the corporate limits of a city and within the County jurisdiction who creates a Subdivision of land may conform to the general procedure described as follows unless indicated otherwise herein:
 - a. Preliminary Plan
 - b. Final Plat and construction Plans
 - c. Construction of Improvements
 - d. County Final Approval of Improvements
 - e. County Final Maintenance Acceptance of Improvements
 - f. Filing of the Final Plat
2. The detailed steps within each phase of the Subdivision procedure are covered in Articles 3, 4, 5, and 6 of these Regulations.

Section C Subdivision Development Procedure Charts

Flow charts indicating the sequence of the steps involved in obtaining approval for Subdivision Development are shown on the following pages.

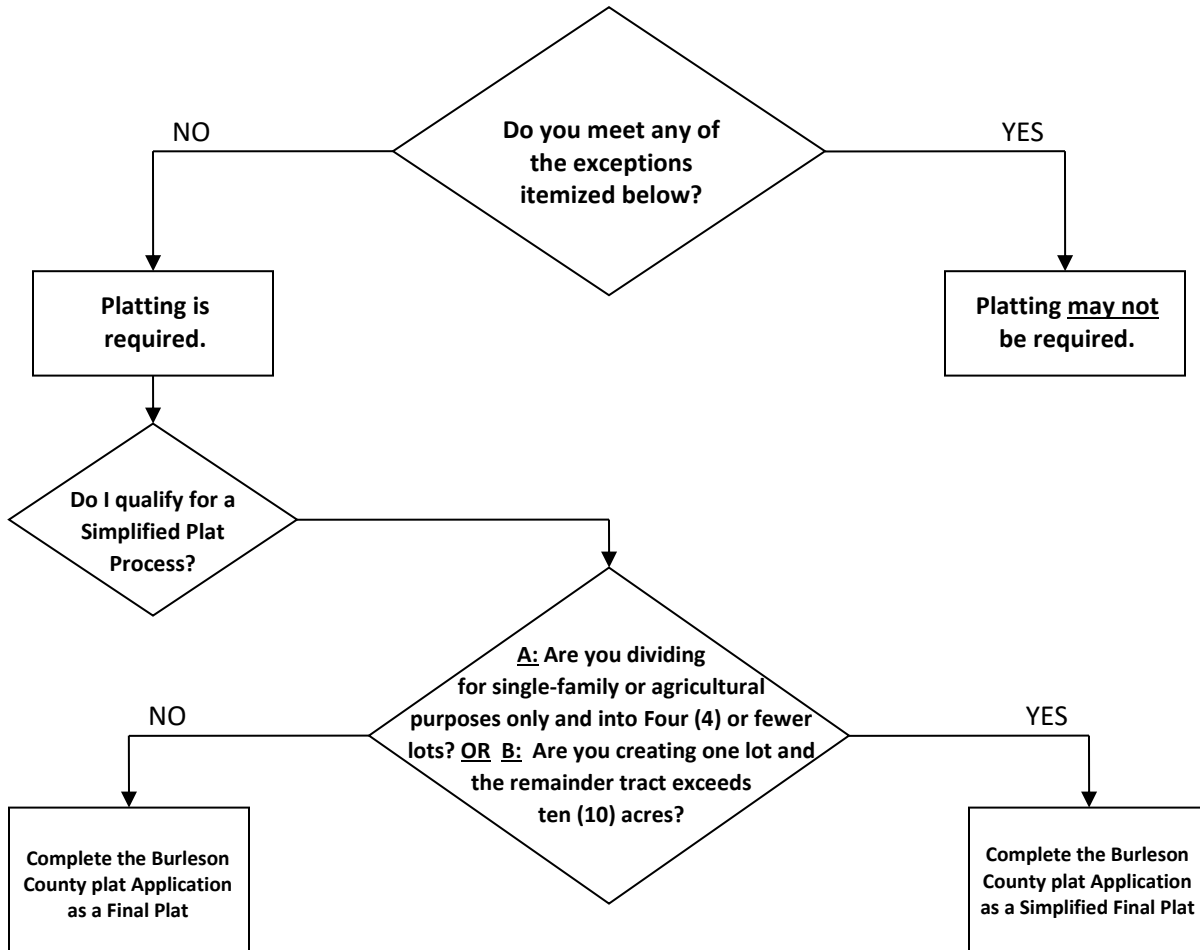
BURLESON COUNTY REVIEW AUTHORITY AND APPROVAL FLOWCHART

Who receives reviews and approves my Preliminary Plan, Final or Simplified Plat?



BURLESON COUNTY PLATTING FLOWCHART

If my property is in the County but not in the city limits and I am dividing my property, do I need to plat?



EXCEPTIONS **

1. Are all lots greater than ten (10) acres?
2. Are there four or fewer lots and all lots are being conveyed to family members for personal use and they all have access to a Public Road (3rd degree of consanguinity)?
3. Will the property be a Phased Subdivision with further preliminary planning?
4. Are you adjusting property lines between two property Owners and not creating more tracts?
5. Is the property being divided solely for the purpose of obtaining financing?
6. Is the division of property occurring due to foreclosure?
7. Is the division of property by final decree of a court and all tracts have access to a Public Road?
8. Is the division of property solely for agricultural use?
9. Is the division of property occurring to sell to a Veteran through the Veteran's Land Board Program?
10. Is the Owner the State of Texas or other agency of the State of Texas and is not creating a road?
11. Is the Owner a Political Subdivision of the State of Texas, land is in the Floodplain, and being sold to adjoining?

**** These exceptions have been abbreviated. To assure you meet all requirements of an exception please refer to Texas Local Government Code Section 232.0015.**

Section D Burleson County Contacts

All correspondence relating to a plat submittal must be submitted to the County Engineer.

Fees for Subdivision review and inspection can be paid to Burleson County and received at the office of Burleson County Road & Bridge.

Burleson County Road & Bridge Department:

For information regarding On-site Sewage Facilities and their associated fees in Burleson County, please contact the Burleson County Environmental.

Burleson County Environmental:

100 W. Buck St., Suite 303

Caldwell, Texas 77836

Phone: 979-567-2360

For information regarding Street naming and 911 addressing, please contact the Burleson County Emergency Communications District.

Burleson County Addressing:

100 W. Buck St., Suite 303

Caldwell, Texas 77836

Phone: 979-567-2008

Article 5. Plat/Plan Types

Section A Types of Plat/Plans

There are several types of plats that may be used to subdivide or alter boundaries of a property. A description and the proper use of each of these plats is described below.

1. Preliminary Plan

A Preliminary Plan is recommended for all Subdivisions that do not meet the definition of a Simplified Plat, Replat, Amending Plat, or a Vacating Plat. A Preliminary Plan is required for all Subdivisions to be developed in more than one (1) phase.

The purpose of the Preliminary Plan is to allow the County Engineer and the Commissioner's Court to review the overall layout of the Development with respect to Roads, water, sewer or OSSF, and drainage.

Preliminary Plans shall include all required information as stated on the Application administered by the County Engineer a copy may be found in Appendix A.

2. Simplified Plats

A Simplified Plat may be used solely for the purpose of subdividing land that is undeveloped or used for Single-Family Residential Development purposes into one (1) to four (4) Lots, or for creating one (1) Lot when the Daughter Tract exceeds ten (10) acres.

A Simplified Plat may be used to record such Subdivision of property, or to record the remainder of a tract created by the simplified platting of a portion of the property provided that:

The Daughter Lots are undeveloped or used for Single-Family Residential Development or agricultural purposes; and,

- a. Neither the Lot(s) nor Daughter Tract(s) of land or any portion thereof has been previously recorded as a Simplified Plat within one (1) year of an Application for a Simplified Plat involving any portion of the same Lot(s) or tract(s).

The following additional standards for approval apply to all Simplified Plats.

- a. All tracts, parcels, Lots or sites created by a Simplified Plat shall have direct access to a Public Road.
- b. All Regulations and requirements apply to Simplified Plats as well as any other Subdivision of land.
- c. No new Roads shall be created on the Simplified Plat.

A Simplified Plat meeting all requirements of the County shall be placed on the agenda of the Burleson County Commissioner's Court. Simplified Plats shall be approved provided they comply with all appropriate County orders and are attested to by the signature of the County Judge.

Simplified Plat approval and acceptance by the County does not relieve the Owner from obligations, including fees, required by other sections of this or other orders of the County pertaining to the improvement of the property or extension of services as required to make the property suitable for Development.

Easements for access, utilities and drainage may be recorded on Simplified Plats.

A Simplified Plat may be vacated, revised (replatted), or superseded in total or in part by compliance with the procedures and requirements of these Regulations.

Prior to filing, a certificate from the Burleson County Tax Assessor's Office must accompany the plat to be recorded, showing that all taxes owing to the state, County, school district, and/or any other political subdivision have been paid in full to date.

Simplified Plats shall include all required information as stated on the Application administered by the County Engineer a copy may be found in Appendix A.

3. Final Plat

The Final Plat is a legal document defining the physical configuration and rules governing Development and operation of a Subdivision. The Final Plat shall be approved and recorded prior to the sale of any Lots in a Subdivision, or commencement of any construction activities on the proposed Lots created by the plat. The Final Plat shall not be approved prior to approval of the Preliminary Plan but may be approved concurrently with the Preliminary Plan subject to approval by the County Engineer and the appropriate County Commissioner(s).

The Final Plat shall be submitted concurrently with the construction Plans. The Final Plat shall not be recorded prior to:

- a. Construction of the required public Improvements in a manner sufficient to satisfy County infrastructure design requirements; or
- b. Posting with the County of fiscal surety for the construction of public Improvements as specified in these Regulations.

Every Final Plat shall include all required information as stated on the Plat Application administered by the County Engineer a copy may be found in Appendix A.

4. Replats.

A Replat is the process of creating a new land Subdivision, thereby changing the number of Lots or modifying the Lot configuration, from a previously platted parcel. All restrictions which were applicable on the original Subdivision shall apply to the Replat. All covenants, Easements, notes and/or restrictions shown on the original Subdivision cannot be removed through the Replat process. Replats shall not be approved unless,

- a. All applicable requirements of Section 232.040 of the Texas Local Government Code, as amended, are met; and
- b. All applicable requirements of Section 232.041 of the Texas Local Government Code, as amended, are met; and
- c. Every Replat shall include all required information as stated on the Application administered by the County Engineer a copy may be found in Appendix A.

5. Amending Plats

An Amending Plat is a Replat addressing minor changes, correction of clerical errors, or limited modifications affecting a limited number of property Owners or Lots.

- a. It is commonly used to:
 - i. Correct errors and omissions in course or distance, real property descriptions, monuments, Lot numbers, acreage, Street names, adjacent recorded plats, and other clerical error or omission.
 - ii. Move a Lot line between adjacent Lots (with various limitations depending on the circumstances).
 - iii. Replat Lots on an existing Street if:
 1. all Owners join in the Application;
 2. the amendment does not remove deed restrictions;
 3. the number of Lots is not increased; and
 4. new Streets or municipal facilities are not required.
- b. The Owner of a previously recorded Lot may create an Amending Plat so long as;
 - i. the changes do not affect these Regulations or any other applicable County regulations; and
 - ii. the changes do not attempt to amend or remove any existing covenants or restrictions; and

iii. all applicable requirements of Section 232.011 of the Texas Local Government Code, as amended, are met.

c. Every Amending Plat shall include all required information as stated on the Application administered by the County Engineer a copy may be found in Appendix A.

6. Vacating / Cancellation Plats

A Vacating or Cancellation Plat is a Replat to eliminate the Subdivision of property reflected by a prior plat. Vacating Plats shall not be used without the consent of all property Owners in the plat, even if only a portion of the plat is to be vacated.

a. The vacation or cancellation of an existing plat shall be accomplished in accordance with the applicable provisions outlined in Section 212.013, 232.008, 232.0083 and/or 232.0085 of the Texas Local Government Code.

b. Every Vacating / Cancellation Plat shall include all required information as stated on the Application administered by the County Engineer a copy may be found in Appendix A.

If a Simplified Plat, Final Plat, Replat, Amending Plat or a Vacating Plat is not recorded within five (5) years of the approval by the Commissioner's Court, the approval of the plat expires. A single six (6) month extension may be granted by the Commissioner's Court.

All plat certifications that must be provided on the plat can be found in Appendix C.

Article 6. Subdivision Categories and Requirements

Section A Subdivision Categories

1. Subdivision Categories and Jurisdiction

All Subdivisions in Burleson County are classified into two categories; (1) Urban; or, (2) Rural.

a. **Urban Subdivisions**

Urban Subdivisions contain Lots less than one (1) acre in size and infrastructure appropriate to an urban setting. Urban Subdivisions within a city's ETJ shall comply with city regulations and are reviewed by the city or Burleson County in accordance with the ILA. The infrastructure may be accepted and maintained by the city or privately (see Article 8) in accordance with these Regulations. Urban Subdivisions outside of a city's ETJ shall comply with Burleson County Regulations, are reviewed by the County, and infrastructure shall be privately (see Article 8) maintained in accordance with these Regulations.

b. **Rural Subdivisions**

Rural Subdivisions contain Lots equal to or greater than one (1) acre in size and infrastructure appropriate to a rural setting. Rural Subdivisions shall comply with Burleson County Regulations, will be reviewed by the County, infrastructure may be accepted, and maintained by the County or privately (see Article 8) in accordance with these Regulations.

Section B Subdivision and Resubdivisions Within a City's ETJ

Subdivisions and Resubdivisions within the ETJ of any city shall conform to the requirements as set forth in any interlocal agreement granting authority to regulate subdivision plats and approve related permits in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality in accordance with Texas Local Government Code Chapter 242

Section C Resubdivisions.

Resubdivision of Lots of any size outside the ETJ of any City shall conform to the following requirements:

1. Texas Local Government Code Section 232.009 and 232.0095.
2. The Commissioner's Court finds (a) the revision will not interfere with the established rights of any Owner of any part of the subdivided land; or (b) each Owner whose rights may be interfered with has agreed to such revision.
3. The cost incurred by the County for notice to the public generally and Owners of Lots in the Subdivision to be resubdivided shall be reimbursed to the County by the party seeking such resubdivision or revision.

Section D Preliminary Plan Requirements

Preliminary Plans shall include all required information as stated on the Application administered by the County Engineer a copy may be found in Appendix A.

1. The Preliminary Plan shall also include the following information:

a. The following language shall be placed on the Preliminary Plan:

The Preliminary Plan shall name the responsible entity for the operation and maintenance of any Road, Building, park, equipment, pools, plantings, lawns or other legal interests, if it is proposed that they are to be shared by Owners of the real property within the Subdivision.

b. All Preliminary Plan requirements listed herein shall be in conformance with the Article 7 Minimum Standards of Design.

Section E Final Plat Requirements

Every Final Plat shall include all required information as stated on the Application administered by the County Engineer, a copy may be found in Appendix A.

1. All Final Plat requirements listed herein shall be in conformance with the Article 7 Minimum Standards of Design.

Article 7. Minimum Standards of Design

The following minimum standards for all Subdivisions shall also apply as set forth below.

Section A Urban Subdivisions Within or Outside the ETJ of any City

1. Technical Standards

- a. All public infrastructure for all Urban Subdivisions shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the most current Municipal Design Guidelines and all other applicable local, state, and federal requirements. Where there is a conflict of standards, the more stringent standard shall apply, as determined by the applicable city or County Engineer.
- b. All Urban Subdivisions shall meet all traffic study requirements as outlined in Article 9 of these Regulations.
- c. Urban Subdivisions located within the ETJ of a city shall comply with the adopted Subdivision regulations for that city. Urban Subdivisions located outside the ETJ of a city shall comply with the subdivision regulations of the closest city or the city whose growth area contains the Urban Subdivision, as determined by the County Engineer.

2. Lots

- a. The front Building Setback Line on any Road facility maintained by TxDOT and major Arterials shall be fifty (50) feet from the edge of the Right-of-Way.
- b. The front Building Setback Line on all other Roads shall be twenty-five (25) feet from the edge of the Right-of-Way.
- c. The rear Building Setback Line on all properties shall be twenty (20) feet.
- d. The side Building Setback Line on all properties shall be seven and a half (7.5) feet.
- e. The side Street Building Setback Line on all properties shall be fifteen (15) feet.

3. Utilities

- a. A ten (10) foot wide public utility Easement must be provided for public use on each side of all Streets. Where conditions make this impractical, an Easement on only one (1) side of the Road may be provided, not less than fifteen (15) feet in width. There shall also be a ten (10) foot wide utility Easement along the rear of all Lots.
- b. No utilities shall be placed under any Street. All utilities shall be within the designated utility Easements. If Street crossing is required, utility must be in an approved encasement.
- c. All existing utilities, and pipelines which require relocation or adjustment in order to

avoid conflict with proposed Streets, utilities, or other Improvements shall be relocated, adjusted, or modified at no expense to Burleson County. Owner shall bear the responsibility for compliance with federal, state, and local regulations and requirements regarding such utilities and pipelines.

Section B Rural Subdivisions Within or Outside the ETJ of any City

1. Technical Standards

- a. All public infrastructure shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the Burleson County Standards and all other applicable local, state, and federal requirements. Where there is a conflict of standards, the more stringent standard shall apply, as determined by the Development Engineer.
- b. All plats must be drawn in accordance with to these Regulations and include the information provided on the formal Application form and checklist administered by the County Engineer. All Blocks, corners, and angles in Streets and alleys shall be marked according to the "Minimum Standards of Practice" approved by the Texas Board of Professional Land Surveying.

2. Lots

- a. Lots must have a minimum Road frontage of one-hundred (100) feet except in the bulb of a Cul-De-Sac where they must meet a minimum of seventy (70) feet at the Right-of-Way.
- b. Lots must front on a Public Road unless the Lot is within a Private Subdivision and fronts on a privately maintained Road as defined in Article 7, Section C.1.d or C.1.e.
- c. The front Building Setback Line on any Road facility maintained by TxDOT and major Arterials as defined in the BCEDG shall be fifty (50) feet from the edge of the Right-of-Way.
- d. The front Building Setback Line on all other Roads shall be twenty-five (25) feet from the edge of the Right-of-Way.
- e. The rear Building Setback Line on all properties shall be twenty (20) feet.
- f. The side Building Setback Line on all properties shall be ten (10) feet.
- g. The side Street Building Setback Line on all properties shall be twenty-five (25) feet.
- h. Flag Lots that do not meet the minimum criteria as defined herein shall not be approved.
- i. All Corner Lots or Double Frontage Lots shall take access to the lesser of the two Streets.

3. Utilities

- a. A sixteen (16) feet wide public utility Easement must be provided for public use on each side of all Streets. Where conditions make this impractical an Easement on only one side of the Road may be provided, not less than twenty (20) feet in width. There shall also be a ten (10) foot wide utility Easement along the sides and backs of all Lots.
- b. All utility Easements shall lie and be situated completely within the Subdivision boundaries. The Owner shall coordinate utility installations with all utility companies prior to submission of the Final Plat.
- c. All utility Easements adjacent to a Street Right-of-Way must be cleared.
- d. No utilities shall be placed under any Street. All utilities shall be within the designated utility Easements. If Street crossing is required, utility must be in an approved encasement.
- e. All existing utilities, and pipelines which require relocation or adjustment in order to avoid conflict with proposed Streets, utilities, or other Improvements shall be relocated, adjusted, or modified at no expense to Burleson County. Owner shall bear the responsibility for compliance with federal, state, and local regulations and requirements regarding such utilities and pipelines.

Section C Streets

1. Permitted Streets.

All Streets appearing within a Subdivision, whether maintained by the County, city or privately, shall be constructed in accordance with generally accepted engineering design guidelines and shall be classified as one of the five (5) following types of Streets (referred to collectively as "Permitted Streets").

- a. Type A (Rural-Publicly Maintained Road) - Publicly dedicated, paved and to be maintained by the County; or
- b. Type B (Urban-Publicly Maintained Road) – Publicly dedicated, paved and to be maintained by a city (upon agreement by that city) and constructed pursuant to the city’s design standards; or
- c. Type C (Urban-Privately Maintained Road - Paved) – Publicly dedicated, paved and to be maintained by an HOA or other County approved entity in perpetuity and constructed pursuant to the city’s design standards; or
- d. Type D (Rural-Privately Maintained Road - Paved) - Privately dedicated, paved and to be maintained by a HOA or other County approved entity in perpetuity and constructed pursuant to the County’s design standards; or
- e. Type E (Rural-Privately Maintained Road - Unpaved) – Privately dedicated, unpaved and

to be maintained by a HOA or other County approved entity in perpetuity and constructed pursuant to the County's design standards This type of Street may only be used for access to a maximum of six (6) Lots.

2. Dedication to Public

Any dedication to the public shall be accomplished by a certification on the plat dedicating the Right-of-Way to the public forever.

3. Publicly Maintained & Dedicated Paved Streets

Paved Streets dedicated to the public shall be required in all Subdivisions not satisfying the criteria for unpaved Streets or private Streets, as set forth herein. All paved Streets shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the standards set forth herein.

4. Street Projections and the Adjoining Street System

- a. New Roads shall connect to an existing Public Road.
- b. Roads shall be laid out to align with existing Roads in adjoining or nearby Subdivisions, leaving the possibility of connecting to such Subdivisions with minimum Road construction. There shall be no gaps between the Subdivision and the Public Road system.
- c. Where Streets in an adjoining Subdivision dead-end at the property line of the new Subdivision, the said Streets shall be continued through the new Subdivision. Where no adjacent connections are platted, the Streets in the new Subdivision must in general be the reasonable projections of Streets in the adjacent subdivided tracts. All Streets in new Subdivisions shall be platted so that a continuation of said Streets may be made in other Subdivisions in the future.
- d. Where part of a Street has been dedicated in an adjoining Subdivision adjacent to and along the common property line of two (2) Subdivisions, enough width of Right-of-Way must be dedicated in the new Subdivision to provide the minimum Right-of-Way.
- e. Where adjoining areas are not platted, the Subdivision shall provide Street projections to such areas by projecting a public Street to provide Street connection or Street frontage to land locked tracts that do not otherwise have frontage to a public Street.
- f. When land is subdivided into larger parcels rather than ordinary building Lots, such parcels shall be arranged so as to allow for the opening of future Streets and logical further Subdivisions.

5. Adequate Street Access.

- a. Adequate Street access must be provided for new Subdivisions.
- b. Any plat or any portion of a plat which is part of a Phased Subdivision having more than one-hundred fifty (150) Dwelling Units or a combination of Lots and Dwelling Units in excess of one-hundred fifty (150) shall have a minimum of two (2) Access Points to an existing Public Road. One external Street connection is required for a Street serving as Road access for one hundred fifty (150) or fewer Lots. If there shall be greater than five hundred (500) Dwelling Units or a combination of Lots and Dwelling Units there should be three (3) Access Points to an existing Public Road.
- c. A minimum of one (1) external Street connection shall not be located over a potential hazard such as high-pressure gas line or a creek where the one-hundred (100) year Floodplain overtops the Street, regardless of its classification.
- d. When there are more than one-hundred fifty (150) Lots to be served by external Street connections, the Commissioner's Court may allow a Remote Emergency Access where Development phasing or constraints of the land prevent the provision of a second Street connection.
- e. The Owner must improve all existing Roads within the plat, as well as all boundary Roads to which the proposed Subdivision will have direct access, to meet the requirements of these Regulations. The exclusion from the plat of a Road that would provide access to future Lots will not be permitted. Lots intended specifically for future Roads will not be approved.

6. Intersections.

- a. In cases where new Streets intersect with established Streets, the new Streets shall be a continuation without offset.
- b. All Streets are to intersect at ninety (90) degree angles. Where this is not possible; the intersection on the side of the acute angle must be cut back, at a minimum fifty (50) feet radius. All Streets intersecting at an angle less than seventy-five (75) degrees will be denied.

7. Cul-De-Sacs and Dead-End Streets.

- a. Dead-End Streets may be platted where the Commissioner's Court and the County Engineer deem appropriate and where the land adjoins property not subdivided, in which case, the Streets shall be carried to the boundaries thereof.
- b. All Dead-End Street must end with an approved temporary turn around per the BCEDG. No driveway access to temporary turn around will be allowed.
- c. Where a Dead-End Street is designed to be so permanently, a Cul-De-Sac shall be provided at the closed end. Maximum length of Cul-De-Sacs shall be two thousand five

hundred (2,500) feet or contain a maximum of thirty (30) or fewer Lots. All Cul-De-Sacs shall be designed per the BCEDG.

8. Street Design Criteria.

- a. All Street Rights-Of-Way shall be in accordance with engineering design standards
- b. No Street shall have an abrupt offset, "jog", or sharp turn. For maintenance and safety reasons, the County favors and encourages sweeping curves when planning the proposed Subdivision.
- c. Intersections shall be provided along Road segments that have homes taking direct access onto them at a maximum spacing of two thousand five hundred (2,500) feet between stop conditions or ninety (90) degree turns. Subdivisions wherein all Lots are greater than five (5) acres are exempt from this requirement.
- d. The County may require an internal Road system that minimizes driveways to existing County or other Public Roadways. The County may also require that Lots bordering on an existing Arterial Road shall not have access to that Roadway.
- e. Where a proposed Subdivision abuts an existing County Road having less than the minimum required Right-of-Way, the Owner shall dedicate their portion of the additional Right-of-Way to meet minimum County requirements.
- f. No squares, "islands", or other obstructions to traffic shall be reserved within the Right-of-Way; with the exception of medians when approved by the Burleson County Commissioner's Court. If exceptions are permitted, traffic lanes shall still be required to be twelve (12) feet in width with additional shoulder and appropriate delineation.

9. Subdivision names, Street names and Addresses.

- a. The name of the proposed Subdivision must not be the same or similar to any other Subdivision in Burleson County.
- b. All Roads shall be named, with prior approval from Burleson County 911 addressing coordination. Roads must be named in a manner to avoid confusion in identification. Roads that are extensions of existing Roads must carry the same name.

Section D Traffic Control and Signage

- 1. Traffic control signs (such as stop, yield, and speed limit signs) shall be designed by an Engineer and installed by the Owner of said Subdivision in compliance with the TxMUTCD and at the locations as indicated on the approved construction Plans. Other traffic control signs, as shown on the construction Plans, shall be installed to indicate any unusual traffic or Road hazard or conditions that may exist. All traffic control devices shall be placed in compliance with the TxMUTCD and the construction cost shall be borne by the Owner. In addition, all traffic control

devices and signage must be installed before final approval of all infrastructure by the County.

2. A speed limit of thirty (30) miles per hour (“mph”) for Local Roads, thirty (30) mph for Collector Roads and forty (40) mph for Arterial Roads within all platted Subdivisions is hereby adopted. Any existing Subdivision or Roadway which has signage that differs from these limits is hereby grandfathered. This limit may be changed only by Commissioner’s Court upon the basis of an engineering and traffic investigation showing that the prima facie maximum reasonable and prudent speed for a particular Road (or part of a Road) should be different. The placement of a stop sign or a yield sign on the minor Road at intersections shall be evaluated on a case-by-case basis in accordance with the TxMUTCD.
3. Signage that differs from the standard signage that is maintained by the County shall be maintained by the Owner. The signage shall be maintained in such a fashion to comply with the TxMUTCD requirements.
4. For all privately maintained roads, the Developer shall install at his/her own expense signage on each Road clearly stating the Road is privately maintained.

Section E Driveways

1. Rural Subdivision driveway spacing and Urban Subdivision driveway spacing shall be in accordance with Burleson County Design Standards
2. Driveway entrances directly onto freeways, major and minor Arterial Roads are discouraged by the County. The Commissioner’s Court may deny a plat for final approval if the Lots within such Subdivision provide for direct driveway entrance onto and off of highways and Arterials.
3. Driveway culverts for all Lots shall be designed by an Engineer and shall be shown on a table on the plat. The table shall include the Lot number, culvert length, size and invert elevations. This information shall also be placed in the deed restrictions, if any, for the Lots in the Subdivision. Design requirements are outlined in the BCEDGs.

Section F Water Service (Domestic and Fire)

1. Where an adequate supply of water is available, the installation of fire hydrants is required.
2. Where there is not an adequate supply of water, the Burleson County Commissioner’s Court requires a limited fire suppression system that requires a Developer to construct:
 - a. For a Subdivision of fewer than fifty (50) houses, two thousand five hundred (2,500) gallons of storage; or
 - b. For a Subdivision of fifty (50) or more houses, two thousand five hundred (2,500) gallons of storage with a centralized water system or five thousand (5,000) gallons of storage.
3. All Urban Subdivisions must have access to a Public Water System for domestic supply and fire

hydrant protection in accordance with the applicable municipality regulations as determined by the Development Engineer.

4. All Rural Subdivisions must have access to either a Public Water System or provide Private Water Supply in accordance with Texas Local Government Code Section 232.0032.
5. Water service to individual Lots shall be in accordance with applicable rural water supplier regulations.

Section G Sanitary Sewer Service

1. Rural Subdivisions may have OSSF systems. Urban Subdivisions shall connect to an approved Public Sanitary Sewer System.
2. All Lots shall meet the minimum Lot size for the type of sanitary sewer service being used.
3. For determining the area required for an On-site Sewage Facility (OSSF), the minimum Lot size shall be in accordance with the current regulations of the Burleson County Rules for On-Site Sewage Facilities.

Section H Drainage and Flood Control

1. The plat shall show all natural drains and water courses as they exist on the ground. The plat shall also show all existing and proposed contours at intervals of two (2) feet for grades up to five percent (5%) and intervals not more than five (5) feet for grades over five percent (5%).
2. The 100-Year Floodplain elevation must be clearly delineated on the plat per current FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps ("FIRM"). Those Lots containing acreage within the 100-Year Floodplain must delineate the minimum finished floor elevation. No Building shall be constructed on any Lot where the finished slab level will be lower than two (2) feet above the 100-Year Floodplain elevation.
3. Drainage courses designated on FEMA FIRM Panels shall be located within a drainage Common Area designated on the plat. This drainage Common Area shall not be a part of any Lot within the plat. The size of the Common Area shall be based upon a width no less than the top of bank plus twenty (20) feet on both sides of the drainage course or floodway plus twenty (20) feet on both sides of the floodway, whichever is greater.
4. All other drainage ways must be located within a drainage Easement sized based on developed flows from a ten (10) year event. This drainage Easement may be located within a platted Lot but shall not count toward the minimum Lot size for OSSF permitting purposes.
5. In general, a drainage Easement shall be a minimum of ten (10) feet in width and a combined drainage and utilities Easement shall be a minimum of twenty (20) feet in width.
6. Maintenance responsibility for drainage will not be accepted by the County other than that

accepted in connection with draining or protecting the Road system, and which is adjacent to the publicly dedicated Right-of-Way. Maintenance responsibility for detention and water quality ponds will remain with the Owner or other County approved entity

7. Storm water detention basins, when needed, shall be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the BCEDG. When a Development shall have several sections, the ultimate detention area must be dedicated if not located in the first platted section. Detention is to be designed by a Registered Professional Engineer using a basis of a 2, 10, and 100-Year Storm. Exceptions may be allowed when the Owner can demonstrate that downstream property shall not be adversely affected.
8. If the Subdivision is required to provide Off-site storm water detention, then surety will be required for the construction of the detention facility prior to beginning construction of the Subdivision Improvements.
9. Drainage systems shall be designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering design guidelines. All data and calculations must be presented to the Development Engineer as part of the construction Plans associated with the plat.
10. Layouts that will cause unsatisfactory drainage conditions, or that will unduly complicate maintenance of Streets, will not be accepted.

Article 8. PRIVATE SUBDIVISIONS

Section A Private Subdivisions

Subdivisions having privately maintained Streets (Street Types C, D and E as outlined in Article 7.C.1) shall be established only under the terms set forth in these Regulations, and pursuant to any other regulations or guidelines for private Street Developments as may be adopted for use by the County either as part of these Regulations or as separate regulations or policies. All privately maintained Streets in a Rural Subdivision shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the County's standards for publicly dedicated Streets. All privately maintained Streets in an Urban Subdivision shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the generally accepted engineering design standards for publicly dedicated Streets. The term privately maintained Street shall be inclusive of alleys, if such are to be provided within the Subdivision.

If an Owner wishes to utilize privately maintained Streets or gate any portion of the Subdivision, it is considered a Private Subdivision and must meet the following criteria:

1. Privately maintained Streets shall be permitted only within a Subdivision satisfying all of the following criteria:
 - a. If the Subdivision is gated, the Streets to be restricted to private maintenance shall not include Arterial Roads or Collector Roads.
 - b. If the Subdivision is not intended to be gated, the private maintenance may extend to Arterial Roads only if the Development Engineer is satisfied that the maintenance entity will have sufficient power, authority, and fiscal means to maintain the roadway.
 - c. A Homeowners Association/Property Owners Association or district, as approved by the Burleson County Commissioner's Court, which includes all property to be served by the privately maintained Streets, will be formed.
 - d. The Subdivision conforms to any other special guidelines for privately maintained Street Developments as may be approved separately by the County.
2. The Final Plat for a Subdivision with privately maintained Streets shall include the following note which shall be conspicuously displayed on the plat:

"It is understood that on approval of this plat by the Commissioner's Court of Burleson County, Texas, the building of all Streets, Roads and other public thoroughfares delineated and shown on this plat as privately maintained, and all bridges and culverts necessary to be constructed or placed in such Streets, Roads other public thoroughfares, or in connection therewith, shall remain the responsibility of the Owner, Homeowners Association/Property Owners Association, or other maintenance entity and/or Applicant of the tract of land covered by this plat, in accordance with plans and specifications prescribed by the Commissioner's Court of Burleson County, Texas. The Commissioner's Court assumes no obligation to build the Streets,

Roads and other public thoroughfares shown on this plat, or of constructing any bridges or culverts in connection therewith.” See Appendix F.1 for additional acknowledgements that may be required for private Streets.

3. The Subdivision plat must contain a statement that the Streets shall be maintained to such a standard which will allow emergency vehicles access for the Road design speed in perpetuity by the Owner and all future Owners of property within this Subdivision.
4. The Subdivision Final Plat, property deeds and Homeowners Association/Property Owners Association documents shall note that certain County services may not be provided for privately maintained Streets. Among the services which may not be provided are: routine law enforcement patrols, enforcement of traffic and parking regulations, and preparation of accident reports.
5. On the Subdivision Final Plat shall be language whereby the Homeowners Association/Property Owners Association or district, as Owner of the privately maintained Streets and appurtenances, agrees to release, indemnify, defend and hold harmless the County, any other governmental entity, and any public utility entity for damages to privately maintained Streets that may be occasioned by the reasonable use of the privately maintained Streets by same, or for damages and injury (including death) arising from the condition of the privately maintained Streets, use of access gates or cross-arms, or use of the Subdivision by the County or any other governmental or utility entity.
6. Homeowners Association/Property Owners Association documents or district by-laws, as applicable, shall reference Appendix F.2 and shall contain provisions that describe how the Homeowners Association/Property Owners Association or district may make application to the County to accept privately maintained Streets. The Homeowners Association/Property Owners Association documents shall also provide for the County’s right to assess the property Owners for the cost of remediation of Improvements whether a voluntary or involuntary conversion is pursued under these Regulations.
7. The plat must contain a note that states “every deed shall contain a notice to the grantee that all designated Streets are privately maintained, that the property Owners shall be perpetually liable for maintenance, and that the quality of the Roads must be maintained as to not affect access by public service agencies such as police, fire, and emergency medical services.”
8. A sign shall be placed at the entrance of the Subdivision clearly stating that the Streets in this Subdivision are privately maintained Roads. The location of this sign shall be shown in the construction Plans.
9. Any Owner that gates the entrances to the Subdivision shall provide either a crash gate or a Knox lock and a letter of approval from all of the affected emergency response agencies stating their approval of full time access to and from the Subdivision.

10. Roads or Streets that are shown on the County's Thoroughfare Plan such as highways, major or minor thoroughfares, Arterials, or Collectors, shall not be used, maintained or constructed as privately maintained Streets.
11. A privately maintained Street Subdivision shall not cross or interfere with an existing or future Collector or Arterial Road.
12. The County may deny the creation of any privately maintained Street if, at its sole discretion, if the County determines the privately maintained Street would negatively affect traffic circulation on public Streets; would impair access to the subject or adjacent property; would impair access to or from public facilities including schools or parks; or would cause possible delays in the response time of emergency vehicles.
13. No privately maintained Street shall be constructed off of an existing private Street. Proposed privately maintained Streets must have access to a County Road or State maintained Road.
14. Layout requirements for Subdivisions with privately maintained Streets can be found in Appendix E.1.
15. The County shall not pay for any portion of the cost of constructing or maintaining a privately maintained Street.
16. Applications for Subdivisions with privately maintained Streets must include the same Plans and engineering information required for public Streets and utilities. County requirements pertaining to review and approval of Improvements shall apply, and fees charged for these services shall also apply. The County may periodically inspect privately maintained Streets, and may request any repairs necessary to ensure efficient emergency access and to protect the public health, safety, convenience and welfare.
17. A site plan showing the design and location of all proposed access restricted entrances shall be submitted for review by the Development Engineer, along with the Engineering Plans for the Subdivision, and must be approved by the County along with approval of the Preliminary Plan.

Article 9. Traffic Impacts

Section A Traffic Worksheet

1. The purpose of this Section shall be to establish policies governing traffic flow and safety on Street facilities within the Burleson County limits, in accordance with the Texas Transportation Code governing traffic flow. The purpose of these policies is to protect the general health, safety and welfare of the public by reducing traffic congestion, improving traffic safety and flow, and ensuring that Site Generated Traffic can be adequately and safely served by the existing and future Street system.
2. All proposed Single-Family Residential Developments (100 Lots or greater), Multi-Unit Residential Developments, or Non-Residential Developments are required to submit the Burleson County Trip Generation Threshold Analysis Worksheet provided below, prepared by a Licensed Professional Engineer in the State of Texas, with experience in Transportation Engineering, to determine if the Development is expected to generate:
 - a. 1,000 or more vehicle trips per day; OR
 - b. Add 100 or more parking spaces; OR
 - c. Generate 150 or more vehicle trips in the peak direction (i.e. inbound or outbound) during the site's peak traffic hour (typically AM, PM or Saturday peak);

All Developments must utilize their "total" buildout, including any future phases, to determine if they fall below the one-hundred (100) Lot threshold.

3. Three (3) copies of the Threshold Analysis Worksheet shall be submitted for review concurrently with the submittal of the Preliminary Plan or Site Plan.

Burleson County, Texas – Trip Generation Threshold Analysis Worksheet

This form is to be completed to determine if a Traffic Impact Analysis is required.

Submittal Date: _____

Development Name: _____

Location: _____

Applicant: _____ Contact Phone #: _____ Contact email: _____

Proposed Land Use and Trip Generation Date For Buildout of Development

Trips shall be calculated using the most recent version of the ITE Trip Generation Manual

Land Use Type	Units*	ITE Code	Daily Total (Weekday)	AM Peak Hour			PM Peak Hour			Sat Peak Hour		
				In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
TOTALS												

seal/signature/date

Notes:

- #1 – A Traffic Impact Analysis (“TIA”) will be required when the Development is expected to generate one thousand (1,000) or more vehicle trips per day OR one hundred (100) or more vehicle trips in the peak direction (i.e. inbound or outbound) during the site’s peak traffic hour.
 - #2 – The County Engineer may require a TIA at any stage of a Development whether it meets this criteria or not if special circumstances exist that may warrant a TIA.
 - #3 – If a TIA is needed based on this Threshold Worksheet, the Developer shall contact the County Engineer to determine the actual study requirements regarding time periods, Study Area intersections, Study Area Boundary, etc.
- * Units should be based on what is used for the trip generation rate (ie. Gross Floor Area, Acreage, etc), be sure to specify in the box.

Applicant Signature _____ Date: _____

Section B Traffic Impact Analyses.

If a Traffic Impact Analysis (“TIA”) is required based upon criteria determined through completion of the Threshold Analysis Worksheet, the TIA shall be prepared and sealed by a licensed professional Engineer in the State of Texas with experience in Transportation Engineering.

If required, three (3) copies of the TIA shall be submitted for review concurrently with the submittal of the Preliminary Plan or Site Plan.

Article 10. Financial Responsibilities and Guarantees

Section A Fiscal Surety For Subdivision Improvements

1. Fiscal surety is a financial commitment provided to the County to ensure that the infrastructure required to support the associated Subdivision will be constructed. In approving the creation of new Lots, the County will require that appropriate fiscal surety be posted prior to recordation of the plat unless the Applicant elects to have the plat held in abeyance and to construct the improvement prior to recordation. These Regulations are framed recognizing that the County considers the standard form for fiscal surety for the construction period to be a surety bond and cash for the performance (maintenance) period. Alternate forms of surety may be accepted by the County if the financial instrument and associated surety agreement satisfy the above requirements.
2. Construction Surety – If the Applicant elects to file the plat prior to construction, then in order to assure that the Streets, drainageways and other public Improvements are constructed in a timely manner and in accordance with the generally accepted engineering standards, the Owner of the Subdivision shall file a construction bond, executed by a surety company authorized to do business in the State of Texas, and made payable to County of Burleson County, Texas in the amount of one hundred and ten percent (110%) of the cost of construction.
3. Maintenance Period Surety – In order to guarantee that Streets, drainageways and other public Improvements were properly constructed and have been maintained in good condition for two (2) years following approval of the public infrastructure, the Owner/Developer shall deposit cash, file a Maintenance Bond executed by a surety company authorized to do business in Texas, or provide a letter of credit made payable to Burleson County in an amount no less than ten percent (10%) of the construction cost of the Improvements.
4. If the construction surety option is used, then it must be filed with the County prior to approval of a Subdivision plat for recording and must be maintained throughout the time of the construction of the Improvements. Fiscal surety for the maintenance period must be filed with the County prior to commencement of the maintenance period and shall be maintained throughout the maintenance period. If any form of fiscal surety is scheduled to expire prior to the end of the activity it secures, the County will take any action required to get the fiscal extended by the Owner or the County will collect the funds from the Surety per Article 10 Section E and hold them in trust until the activity being secured is completed. If the Surety for a recorded Subdivision should expire before construction of the Improvements has been completed, it shall be re-posted by the party responsible for the construction of such Improvements before construction continues.
5. Construction and maintenance bonds shall provide that, should these bonds be unenforceable as a statutory bond, the obligees shall be bound by their contract as a common law obligation.

6. In approving a Final Plat, the Commissioner's Court may order that the plat be held in abeyance and not filed or recorded until the Owner has:
 - a. Submitted construction surety or completed construction of the required Improvements and provided a maintenance surety for the maintenance period; and
 - b. Provided proof that the Final Plat has been approved by any other governmental entity with platting or other jurisdictional authority; and
 - c. Met any other prerequisites set by the Commissioner's Court.
7. Upon approval by the Commissioner's Court and determination that any prerequisites for filing have all been met, the Final Plat will be filed of record in the Records of Burleson County, along with any applicable covenants and/or restrictions, at the Owner's expense. If it is determined that any prerequisites for filing have not been met or if any other governmental entity with jurisdictional authority requires changes to the plat as it was previously approved by the Commissioner's Court, the Commissioner's Court may reconsider the Application and approve modifications, or the Commissioner's Court may withdraw its previous approval.

Section B Construction Bonds

1. The amount of the construction bond shall not exceed the estimated cost of construction of the Streets, drainageways and other public Improvements, and including 10% to cover the administering of rebidding of the proposed construction should this become necessary. The estimate will be based on construction Plans which are acceptable to the County and current costs for such work which has been based on an estimate for the construction of all Roads and drainage facilities prepared by a Texas Registered Professional Engineer.
2. Construction surety bonds to be filed with the Development Engineer shall be provided in a form approved by the County prior to the approval of a Subdivision plat for recording, or shall be provided as directed by the Development Engineer if no plat is filed.
3. The surety company underwriting the bond(s) will be acceptable if it is listed in the latest list of companies holding certificates of authority from the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States and if it is licensed to write such bonds in the State of Texas.
4. The construction bond shall require that the Owner of the Subdivision will begin construction of Streets, drainageways and other public Improvements shown on the Subdivision plat, or otherwise located, as soon as possible after the date of approval of the plat by the Commissioner's Court, or as directed, and shall diligently complete such construction in accordance with County standards and specifications within a period agreed to between the Owner and the County Engineer, not to exceed two (2) years.

5. The construction bond shall remain in full force and in effect until all Streets, drainageways, and other public Improvements in the Subdivision have been completed to the satisfaction of the Development Engineer or his agent, and the obligation has been released by official action of the Development Engineer.
6. In the event any or all of the Streets, drainage facilities or other public Improvements are not completed, and if the Contractor or Owner refuses to correct defects called to his attention in writing by the Development Engineer, the unfinished Improvements shall be completed at the cost and expense of obligees as provided below in Article 10 Section E.
7. The construction period may be extended by mutual agreement of the Commissioner's Court and Developer provided this extended agreement includes an increase in the bond amount to cover cost increases accrued since the date of the original agreement.

Section C Maintenance Surety

1. The Owner shall provide cash, a maintenance bond, or a letter of credit as surety against damages or defective work which may occur or be identified during the two (2) year maintenance period which begins after approval of the public Improvements. The maintenance surety will bind the Owner or contractor to maintain the newly constructed facilities and to correct any defects in materials, workmanship (including utility backfills and driveway locations), or design inadequacies, or damages, which may be discovered within the two (2) year maintenance period.
2. If cash surety is elected by the Owner, it shall remain as security for a period of twenty-four (24) months unless it is required longer as stated below. If a bond or letter of credit is elected by the Owner, it shall remain as security for a period of thirty (30) months unless it is required longer as stated below.
3. The Subdivision will not begin the required two (2) year maintenance period until such cash, bond or letter of credit are furnished and approved by the County. The surety company underwriting the bond(s) will be acceptable if it is listed in the latest list of companies holding certificates of authority from the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States and if it is licensed to write such bonds in the State of Texas.
4. The Owner must correct or cause the Contractor to correct at his/her own expense, damages or defects due to improper construction or maintenance within thirty (30) days after receiving written notice of such defects from the County. If the Owner fails or refuses to correct such defects within the thirty (30) day period, or to provide acceptable assurance that such work will be completed within a reasonable time thereafter, Burleson County may elect to correct or cause to be corrected any such damages or defects, charging any and all incurred expenses against the maintenance surety.

5. Surety shall be released by official action of the Development Engineer if the project exists in a good state of operation and repair which meets County standards for the period of two (2) years from the date of official release of construction surety. If repairs are required within six (6) months, prior to the surety expiration date, then the surety shall be extended for a one (1) year period.
6. The Developer shall request periodic inspections at six (6) month intervals of all Streets for which maintenance surety is held. The inspection shall be made by the County representative in concert with the Developer during the period of liability covered by the maintenance surety; and, in the event any or all of the Streets, drainageways and other public Improvements are not being properly maintained, the Owner will be so advised in writing and if, after a reasonable time, he fails or refuses to perform proper maintenance of Streets, drainageways and other public Improvements, they may then be maintained at the cost and expense of obligees as provided below.

Section D Forms of Surety

The following forms of surety are considered acceptable for insuring a Developer's promise to properly construct and maintain Streets, drainage facilities and other public Improvements in a Subdivision in Burleson County:

1. Surety Bond
 - a. Construction and maintenance bonds are considered to be the standard form of fiscal surety for Subdivision Improvements in Burleson County and they shall meet the requirements of this Section when used.
2. Cash Deposit.
 - a. The offer of cash in lieu of bond shall be accompanied by a cash surety agreement signed by the Developer or his agent. On the date that the Commissioner's Court approves cash surety in lieu of bond, the County Judge shall sign the agreement and copies shall go to the Developer, to official records, and to the County Treasurer.
 - b. The conditions of the cash surety agreement are as stated on the forms provided by the County. The general conditions of the cash surety agreement are the same as those stated for the construction and maintenance bonds.
 - c. The cash surety agreement shall be provided in a form approved by the County.
3. Letter of Credit
 - a. The County, at its sole discretion, may accept a letter of credit as fiscal surety for the construction of Improvements and/or the subsequent maintenance period.

- b. The offer of letter of credit in lieu of bond shall be accompanied by a letter of credit surety agreement signed by the Developer or his agent. On the date that the Commissioner's Court approves a letter of credit surety in lieu of bond, the County Judge shall sign the agreement and copies shall go to the Developer, to official records, and to the County Treasurer.
- c. The conditions of the letter of credit surety agreement are as stated on the forms provided by the County. The general conditions of the letter of credit surety agreement are the same as those stated for the construction and maintenance bonds.
- d. The letter of credit surety agreement shall be provided in a form approved by the County.

Section E Collection of Surety

- 1. The construction surety will remain in full force and in effect until all public Improvements have been approved and are performing to County standards at the end of the construction period. The maintenance surety will remain in full force and in effect until all public Improvements have passed inspection and have been approved for Final Maintenance Acceptance by the County at the end of the two (2) year maintenance period.
- 2. In the event any or all of the Improvements fail to meet County standards and the Owner fails or refuses to correct defects or damage called to his attention in writing by the County, the County may collect the surety to complete the Improvements. The County Engineer is authorized to execute notices of intent to collect on posted surety without the necessity of Commissioner's Court action, but the Commissioner's Court must authorize the collection of the surety.
- 3. Recovery on construction bonds and maintenance surety shall not be limited or exhausted by one or more recoveries of less than the total amount of such surety.
- 4. The County may draw upon any surety posted under this agreement upon the occurrence of one or more of the following events:
 - a. The failure of the Owner to construct or complete the Improvements to applicable County standards;
 - b. The Owner's failure to renew or replace the surety at least forty-five (45) days prior to its expiration;
 - c. The acquisition of the property or a portion of the property by the issuer of the surety or other creditor through foreclosure or an assignment or conveyance in lieu of foreclosure;
 - d. The arrangement by the Commissioner's Court for the completion of one or more of the Improvements; or
 - e. The determination by the Commissioner's Court that the completion of one or more of

the public Improvements is in the public interest.

5. The collection on surety and the implementation of construction to complete necessary Improvements to the extent possible with the resulting funds does not constitute Final Maintenance Acceptance of the Improvements for maintenance. The County is not a Subdivision Developer and, if it undertakes the performance of such construction through a third party contractor, the County is acting as a third party trustee on behalf of the public.
6. Request for collection of securities must be approved by the Commissioner's Court and signed by the County Judge and, in the case of collection for construction, only after it as been determined that failure to complete construction, extend the surety instrument's period of coverage, or correct deficiencies is not due to weather, acts of God, strikes or other reasons beyond the Developer's control.

Section F Release of Surety

1. Substantial completion shall be defined as the date ten (10) days prior to the date that, in the opinion of the Owner or his/her consulting Engineer, all work will be finished. On this date, the Owner will:
 - a. notify the County Engineer or his/her representative in writing that the work has been substantially completed;
 - b. request a punchlist of any unfinished work from the County Engineer or his/her representative to be completed in the (10) working days;
 - c. provide a complete compilation of all testing reports associated with the project construction; and
 - d. submit a letter of substantial completion by the Owner's consulting Engineer, indicating his/her concurrence that all construction has been completed in compliance with the approved construction plan and specifications.
2. Within five (5) working days after the Owner has given the County Engineer or his/her representative written notice that the work has been substantially completed, the County Engineer or his/her representative will review the work and provide a written punchlist with photographic documentation to the Owner and the Contractor. The punchlist will include:
 - a. Any remaining items discovered which do not comply with the construction documents;
 - b. County requirements not completed; and
 - c. Any other items required for the issuance of the approval of construction letter.

3. If needed, a construction approval meeting will be held at the site of the work and at a time agreed to by the County Engineer and the Owner. The Owner will invite contractors to the meeting as appropriate and will invite attendance by the Owner's consulting Engineer. An approval of construction letter will be issued by the County within five (5) days of the On-site meeting if all items listed below in Section F are in order. If there are exceptions, a letter of exception will be issued instead with reasons stated for the exceptions. An approval of construction letter will then be issued when the exceptions are cleared. The approval of construction letter will be issued contingent upon the following documents being supplied to the County:

- a. A construction and materials test report;
- b. Owner's consulting Engineer's letter of substantial completion;
- c. Construction Plans, certified as "As-Built Drawings" and containing the following language, if applicable, by the Owner's consulting Engineer; provided as one paper copy and one digital .pdf file;

"I, _____, General Contractor for _____ Development, certify that the Improvements shown on this sheet were actually built, and that said Improvements are shown substantially hereon. I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge, that the materials of construction and sizes of manufactured items, if any, are stated correctly hereon."

_____ (General Contractor)

"I hereby attest that I am familiar with the approved drainage plan and associated construction drawings and furthermore, attest that the drainage facilities have been constructed within dimensional tolerances prescribed by generally accepted engineering design guidelines and in accordance with the approved construction Plans or amendments thereto approved by Burleson County."

Licensed Professional Engineer
State of Texas No. _____

- d. The cash, bond, or letter of credit for the two (2) year maintenance period for public Improvements; and
 - e. If applicable, a copy of the Conditional Letter of Map Amendment ("CLOMA") or Revision ("CLOMR") from FEMA and the completed application for a CLOMA or CLOMR.
4. After the approval of construction letter has been issued, the construction will be monitored by the County for the two (2) year maintenance period. If damages, failures, or defects appear, the Owner will be notified to make corrections.

5. In addition to the contractor's two (2) year warranty on construction, Developers of proposed Roads which will not be maintained by the County, including private Roads, shall demonstrate financial responsibility for Street and drainage infrastructure by providing proof of the following:
 - a. Escrowed funds totaling, or insurance covering, ten percent (10%) of the construction cost for emergency repairs; and,
 - b. Mechanisms for collecting dues from associated property Owners; or property tax assessments established and sufficient to support annual maintenance costs and to support a sinking fund for Street rehabilitation.
6. In lieu of leaving ten percent (10%) of the fiscal surety in place for the maintenance period, the Owner may submit cash, a maintenance bond or a letter of credit in a total sum of ten percent (10%) of the cost of the construction of the public Improvements guaranteeing the work and warranties. The Subdivision will not begin the required two (2) year maintenance period until such cash, bond, or letter of credit are furnished and approved by the County. The surety company underwriting the bond(s) will be acceptable if it is listed in the latest list of companies holding certificates of authority from the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and if it is licensed to write such bonds in the State of Texas.
7. After the approval of construction letter has been issued, the Improvements will be monitored by the County during the two (2) year maintenance period. If failures or damages appear, the Owner will be notified to make corrections. Upon expiration of the two (2) year maintenance period, and if no damages or defects have been identified and reported to the Owner by the County Engineer, the County will release the maintenance surety.
8. The County Engineer shall notify the Commissioner's Court of the satisfactory construction and maintenance (during the maintenance period) of public and private Improvements. The Commissioner's Court may then authorize accepting public Improvements for permanent County maintenance. The County is under no obligation to accept the public Improvements for permanent County maintenance. Upon Final Maintenance Acceptance of the public Improvements, the County will fully release all posted surety for public Improvements.
9. Sections or phases of Subdivisions must be completed in their entirety. There will be no partial releases of surety.

Section G Developer Participation Contracts

1. Without complying with the competitive sealed bidding procedure of Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 262, the Commissioner's Court may enter into a contract with a Developer of a Subdivision or land in the unincorporated area of the County to construct public Improvements, not including a Building, related to the Development. If the contract does not meet the requirements of Article 10 Section G of these Regulations, then Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 262 applies to the contract if the contract would otherwise be governed by that chapter.

2. The Developer shall construct the Improvements in accordance with the contract, and the County shall participate in the cost of the Improvements.
3. The County shall limit their participation to not exceed thirty percent (30%) of the total contract price. In addition, the contract may also allow participation by the County at a level not to exceed 100 percent (100%) of the total cost for any oversizing of Improvements required by the County, including but not limited to increased capacity of Improvements to anticipate other future Development in the area. The County is liable only for the agreed payment of its share, which shall be determined in advance either as a lump sum or as a factor or percentage of the total actual cost as determined by an order of the Commissioner's Court.
4. The Developer must execute a performance bond for the construction of the Improvements to ensure completion of the project. The bond must be executed by a corporate surety in accordance with Chapter 2253, Government Code.
5. In the order adopted by the Commissioner's Court under Item 3 above, the County may include additional safeguards against undue loading of cost, collusion, or fraud.

Article 11 – Construction and Maintenance

Section A General

1. Unless otherwise authorized, a preconstruction conference is required prior to the start of any construction. The meeting shall include the contractor, County Engineer, and the Developer's Engineer. If the construction has been divided among multiple contractors, the Developer shall designate one representative for the entire Development. Only one preconstruction meeting will be held.
2. Any utility lines to be located under Road pavement structures shall be encased (or sleeved) and backfilled per the BCEDG.
3. The Owner shall submit construction Plans for Roads, drainage, traffic signage and utilities within a platted Subdivision to the County Engineer for approval prior to beginning construction. Two (2) full-size paper copies of the construction Plans is required for review. These Plans shall show the location of water, sanitary sewer and storm sewer utilities, and shall show proposed Easements for privately-owned utilities (electric, cable television, gas, telephone, etc.)
4. All required safety Plans and traffic control Plans shall be submitted for approval to the County Engineer prior to the start of any construction.

Section B Inspection

1. All construction, such as Road work, drainage structures, and curb and gutter, may be subject to inspection during construction by the County, and shall be constructed in accordance with the BCEDG.
2. Periodic inspections will be performed by the County during construction of both proposed County maintained infrastructure Improvements and private maintained infrastructure Improvements. Inspections should be scheduled by the Contractor at the following intervals:
 - a. Subgrade when:
 - i. All tests for subgrade have passed.
 - ii. The subgrade conforms to the Construction Plans.
 - iii. Rough grading of all ditches, including erosion control, is complete.
 - iv. All culverts, headwalls, and safety end treatments (SETs) are installed; for cast-in-place concrete structures, inspection of placement of reinforcing bars shall be performed prior to pouring of concrete.
 - v. Prior to placement of any base material.
 - b. Base when:

- i. All tests for base have passed.
 - ii. The base conforms to the construction Plans.
 - iii. Prior to application of prime coat.
 - c. Placement of asphalt or concrete pavement surface;
 - d. Other periodic inspections during testing; and
 - e. Final inspection when:
 - i. All tests for pavement have passed.
 - ii. All Improvements are complete and as-built drawings have been submitted per Article 10, Section F, 3.C.

A request for inspection must be received by the County Engineer in writing via email (inspections@Burlsoncountytx.gov) and must include the Subdivision name, current date, inspection requested (subgrade, base etc.) and desired date and time of inspection.

Subgrade and base inspections must be scheduled by 2PM CST of the Business Day prior to the date requested for the inspection. All geotechnical reports shall be complete and submitted with the request for inspection. At least two (2) Business Days' notice is required in advance of date requested for final inspections.

The reinforcing steel in cast-in-place concrete structures must be inspected prior to pouring of concrete. Inspection should be scheduled at least two (2) Business Days' in advance of date requested for the inspection. All cast in place structures should meet BCEDG standards. Cast in-place concrete structures with uninspected reinforcing steel will be considered defective and must be removed and replaced at Developer's expense.

3. If testing or inspection does not occur for the subgrade and/or base while the surface is exposed, the Developer will be required to have an independent testing laboratory, acceptable to the County, perform additional testing at the Developer's expense. Such testing may include core samples or additional density tests at fifty (50) foot intervals measured longitudinally along the Road. During the progress of the work, all materials, equipment and workmanship may be subjected to such inspections and tests as will assure conformance with the County requirements. All testing shall be done by an independent testing laboratory acceptable to the County and at the Developer's Contractor's expense. All final test reports submitted to the County Engineer must be sealed by a professional Engineer registered in the state of Texas. The County shall approve the location of all testing. Testing locations shall be selected at varying distances from the centerline of the Road. The Developer's Contractor is solely responsible for coordination with the testing laboratory, for scheduling of the tests, and for timely delivery of the results to the County Engineer. Additional testing may be required, at the Developer's expense, at the discretion of the

County Engineer.

4. Minimum Testing Requirements

a. Subgrade

i. Raw subgrade (when lime or cement stabilized subgrade is not required for pavement design)

1. Soil characteristics including liquid limit, plastic limit, plasticity index, and sieve analysis.
2. Density tests are required at a minimum of every three hundred (300 feet) (measured longitudinally along the Road) with three (3) tests required in each Cul-De-Sac and eyebrow.
3. Standard proctor tests are required for each existing soil type.

ii. Chemically Treated Stabilized Subgrade

1. Soil characteristics including liquid limit, plastic limit, plasticity index, and sieve analysis.
2. Density tests are required at a minimum of every three hundred (300 feet) (measured longitudinally along the Road) with three (3) tests required in each Cul-De-Sac and eyebrow.
3. Standard proctor tests are required for each existing soil type.
4. Pulverization gradation tests are required at a minimum of every three hundred (300) feet (measured longitudinally along the Road) with three (3) tests required in each Cul-De-Sac and eyebrow.
5. Core or probe tests are required to show thickness of the subgrade every five hundred (500) feet (measured longitudinally along the Road) with one (1) test required in each Cul-De-Sac and eyebrow.

b. Base

- i. Material tests shall be performed in accordance with BCEDG Standards.
- ii. Density tests are required at a minimum of every three hundred (300) feet (measured longitudinally along the Road) with three (3) tests required in each Cul-De-Sac and eyebrow.
- iii. Core or Probe tests are required to show thickness of the base every five hundred (500) feet (measured longitudinally along the Road) with three (3) tests required

in each Cul-De-Sac and eyebrow.

- c. Hot Mix Asphaltic Concrete (“HMAC”)
 - i. A mix design is required to be submitted for the HMAC.
 - ii. Density tests are required at a minimum of every five hundred (500) feet (measured longitudinally along the Road) with three (3) tests required in each Cul-De-Sac and eyebrow.
 - iii. Core tests are required to show thickness of the HMAC every five hundred (500) feet (measured longitudinally along the Road) with three (3) tests required in each Cul-De-Sac and eyebrow.
- d. Portland Cement Concrete
 - i. A mix design is required to be submitted for the concrete.
 - ii. Concrete shall be tested for slump, air content, and compressive strength in accordance with ACI 318.

Section C Storm Water Discharge Permit

Under current TCEQ regulations, construction activities including clearing, grading and excavation, must be permitted for storm water discharge unless the operations result in the disturbance of less than one (1) acre total land area which is not part of a larger common plan of Development.

For Large Construction Activities disturbing five (5) acres or more of land, the Developer must complete and post a site notice in conformance with TCEQ, and complete and submit a Notice of Intent (“NOI”) for storm water discharges associated with construction activity under the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (“NPDES”) General Permit. The NOI shall be submitted to TCEQ by the Developer at least seven (7) days prior to commencement of construction.

For Small Construction Activities, disturbing one (1) acre to less than five (5) acres of land, including the larger common plan of Development, the Developer must complete and post a site notice in conformance with TCEQ, and complete and submit a Low Rainfall Erosivity Waiver Form. If the site is not eligible for a waiver, the Developer must submit a NOI to TCEQ under the NPDES General Permit and comply with its requirements.

A Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (“SWPPP”) must be developed and implemented in accordance with TCEQ requirements for all construction activities disturbing one (1) acre or more of land, including the larger common plan of Development. During construction, a copy of the SWPPP shall be available On-site. All construction activities shall maintain the erosion control measures as stated in the SWPPP throughout the entirety of the project. TCEQ may be contacted if it appears that any activity is not in compliance with the SWPPP.

Section D Minimum Infrastructure Standards for Multifamily Housing and Commercial Establishments

A. DEVELOPMENTS AND COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENTS

Subchapter E of chapter 232 authorizes an urban county to regulate condominium development that constitutes a subdivision under Subchapter A.

B. APPLICABILITY

1. Any conveyance of a building, part of a building, or space within a building is a subdivision of land for which the landowner must prepare and file a plat and further that such subdivision of land is subject to regulation by the Commissioners Court under orders adopted pursuant to Subchapter E, Chapter 232, Local Government Code.

2. A condominium development, any other multi-family housing development, and any other development where a building, part of a building, or spaces or units in a building are sold, transferred, or otherwise conveyed to persons or entities by the owner of the real property whereon such building or buildings are located, regardless of whether the underlying real property is conveyed to such persons or entities, retained by the owner or conveyed or held by a third party or entity, is a subdivision of land and is subject to regulation by the Commissioners Court; and

3. where not in conflict with these Development Regulations, these minimum infrastructure standards and rules are applicable to commercial establishments, public buildings and multifamily residential buildings consisting of four or more units located in the unincorporated area of the County, not including such establishments and buildings located in the ETJ of the Cities of Somerville, Snook, or Caldwell.

C. EXCLUSIONS, EXCEPTIONS

These regulations are not applicable in the incorporated areas of municipalities.

D. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The owner of land located in Burleson County outside the city limits of a municipality who intends to use the land for a multi-unit development, commercial establishment, public building, or multifamily residential building, must have a Development Plan prepared that complies with the minimum infrastructure standards set forth below.

1. Requirements of the Development Plan: The Development Plan shall include written documentation to satisfy all items set forth under the Minimum Infrastructure Standards, Rules, and the survey as set forth herein. The Development Plan shall contain the following components:

- a. A drainage plan that complies with the provisions of the County drainage standards; and
- b. A road and driveway plan that complies with the standards herein; and
- c. Documentation of approval of water supply system and/or agreement to be provided water as set forth herein; and
- d. Provision for the safe, effective and sanitary treatment of wastewater as set forth herein.
- e. Evidence of satisfaction of other infrastructure requirements as set forth in Section 5 herein and compliance with the Rules herein.
- f. Survey of the multi-unit development that complies with the provisions herein.

2. Proposed dedicatory instruments, including proposed declaration, bylaws and rules, governing the establishment, maintenance, or operation of the multi-unit development, commercial establishment, public building, or multifamily residential building.

3. Submission of the Development Plan: Prior to commencing any construction on the proposed location (including the clearing of land) of a proposed multi-unit development, commercial establishment, public building, or multifamily residential building, the landowner or developer shall submit the Development Plan to the office of the County Development Engineer.

4. Processing of the Development Plan: Not later than the sixtieth (60th) day after the date a

Development Plan is submitted to the County for approval, the Commissioners Court shall approve or reject the Development Plan. If the Development Plan is rejected, the County shall provide the applicant with written notice of rejection specifying the reasons for the rejection and the actions required for approval of the Development Plan. The failure to reject a plan within the period prescribed by this subsection constitutes approval of the Development Plan, provided that such sixty-day period shall begin on the date that the administratively complete plan is submitted to the County. When corrections to the plan are required by the Commissioners Court, another sixty-day period shall commence upon submission to the County of the corrected plan.

5. Certificate of Compliance: Construction of a proposed multi-unit development, commercial establishment, public building, or multifamily residential building shall not begin before the Commissioners Court approves the Development Plan. The Commissioners Court may require inspection of the infrastructure during construction and shall require a final inspection of the infrastructure by the County Engineer. The final inspection must be completed not later than the tenth business day after the date the County Engineer receives an affidavit from the owner of the development that construction of the infrastructure has been completed in accordance with the approved Development Plan. If the County Engineer and/or Development Engineer determine that the infrastructure complies with the Development Plan, the Development Engineer will issue a Certificate of Compliance not later than the fifth business day after the date the final inspection is completed. No unit or units in a multi-unit development shall be sold, conveyed or otherwise transferred to any person or entity, and no building in a multi-unit development or commercial establishment, and no public building, or multifamily residential building shall be occupied, until the Certificate of Compliance is issued and the unit or units to be sold conveyed or otherwise transferred and all buildings located on the site are in compliance with all other County rules and regulations.

E. ENFORCEMENT

This Section may be enforced in the same manner as other regulations and requirements of the Commissioners Court. In addition, the following restrictions apply to utility connections in a multi-unit development, commercial establishment, public building, and multifamily residential building: A utility may not provide utility services, including water, sewer, gas, and electric services, to a development subject to a Development Plan, or to a unit in such development unless the owner provides the utility with a copy of the issued Certificate of Compliance.

This applies only to:

1. a municipality that provides utility services;
2. a municipally owned or municipally operated utility that provides utility services;
3. a public utility that provides utility services;
4. a nonprofit water supply or sewer service corporation organized and operating under chapter 67, Texas Water Code, that provides utility services;
5. a county that provides utility services; and
6. a special district or authority created by state law that provides utility services.

F. MINIMUM INFRASTRUCTURE STANDARDS

Following are minimum infrastructure standards for a multi-unit development

1. Lots
 - a. Building setbacks for commercial and public access developments shall be at least 25 feet from the front, sides and rear of the subject property, for public health, safety, and welfare purposes.
 - b. Commercial and public access properties shall have a minimum road frontage corresponding to the standards for property on a state highway, county road or road constructed to county specifications.
 - c. Infrastructure (roads, drainage and other public improvements) shall be maintained by an entity other than the County.
2. Tract size, limitations on building height and building setback requirements:

Due to the limited equipment capabilities available in the County to fight fires, no building or structure shall exceed three stories (35 feet) in height. Each building shall be located on a tract of land sufficient in size to accommodate the building or buildings located on it and provide at least twenty five feet of setback between the building or buildings and any property line or street, road or alley, at least fifty feet of open space between the building and any adjacent building, and large enough to provide adequate off- street parking for the number of motor vehicles as determined by the County Engineer to result from the occupancy or use of the unit or units located on the tract of land.

3. Drainage

Drainage facilities shall be provided and constructed as required in the Drainage section of the Development Regulations. Drainage plans shall be prepared by a licensed professional engineer experienced in hydrology analysis and shall be signed and sealed by the engineer.

4. Roads and Driveways

Roads and/or driveways in a multi-unit development, commercial establishment, public building, or multifamily residential building, shall be designed and constructed to meet the minimum infrastructure standards contained in these Development Regulations, to provide ingress and egress for fire and emergency vehicles. To satisfy this requirement, the roads shall comply with the specifications set forth in the Development Rules.

5. Road Signage

The developer of a proposed multi-unit development, commercial establishment, public building, or multifamily residential building shall present a sign placement plan for the development and obtain approval of the plan by the County Engineer prior to construction of any roads in the development. No sign placement plan is required for driveways. The sign placement plan shall comply with the Design Standards of these Regulations.

6. Water Supply Specifications

The Development Plan shall include specifications and provisions for an adequate public or community water supply in accordance with Subchapter C, Chapter 341, Texas Health and Safety Code and applicable provisions of the water availability requirements as set forth in these Development Regulations.

7. Wastewater Disposal Specifications

The Development Plan shall include provisions for the safe, effective and sanitary treatment of wastewater. To satisfy this requirement, the Development Plan shall comply with the wastewater requirements in the Development Rules.

G. RULES

1. Open Areas and Recreational Facilities: Sufficient open areas and recreational facilities shall be provided by the developer in the multi-unit development, commercial establishment, public building, or multifamily residential building, to serve the occupants, users, and/or guests of the development as determined by the Commissioners Court based on the number of units in the development, the size of such units, and the intended use of such units.

2. Fencing and Landscaping: The perimeter of the development shall be enclosed in privacy fencing and/or landscaping (plants, shrubs, trees etc.) to a minimum height from the ground of six feet. No chain link or wire fencing will be permitted.

3. Lighting: Sufficient lighting shall be provided within the development to illuminate all areas of the development for safety, security, law enforcement and emergency services purposes. Such lighting shall be designed and installed so that light is directed downward and outward with minimal light directed upward.

4. Trash and Waste Collection and Disposal: All multi-unit developments, commercial establishment, public building, and multifamily residential building, shall be served by a public or commercial waste collection and disposal service that collects all trash and rubbish at least once weekly. It shall be a condition of occupancy that all owners of units in the development agree to be served by such service. All

roads, street, alleys, and driveways, and all common areas shall be kept clear of all waste, trash, inoperative motor vehicles and other unsanitary, unhealthful, unsightly and nuisance conditions. All areas shall be kept mowed and free of high grass and weeds or other conditions that harbor insects, rodents or other conditions that pose a threat to the health, safety or welfare of the occupants, users, and/or guests of the development or citizens of Burleson County.

5. Parking: Unless designated on the Development Plan and approved by the Commissioners Court, no on-street parking of motor vehicles will be permitted in the development. Adequate parking spaces shall be provided within the development for occupants, users, and/or guests as determined by the County Engineer, based on the number of units in the development, the size of such units, and the intended use of such units.

6. Street Names: All street names require approval by the County Engineer. Approval is obtained by submitting a request.

H. SURVEY REQUIREMENTS

The Development Plan shall include a survey of the proposed development prepared by a registered professional surveyor licensed in the State of Texas and shall comply with the following requirements:

1. The Development Plan shall include an accurate survey of the property, with reference to a patent survey line and adjoining established subdivisions. The approximate acreage of the development shall be shown to the nearest 0.1 acre.

2. Show the location, dimensions, names and description of all existing or recorded:

a. Roads, streets, alleys, reservations, easements or other rights-of-way, including storm water collection and drainage areas, within the area of the proposed development and intersecting or contiguous with its boundaries or forming such boundaries or that are proposed to serve the proposed development; and

b. All structures, including buildings, fences, wells (water, oil or monitor), storage tanks, fire hydrants or other fire-fighting connections, electric and other utility systems including water supply and septic collection and treatment systems located within the area of the proposed development or that are proposed to serve the proposed development.

3. Show the location, dimensions, names and description of all proposed:

a. Roads, streets, alleys, driveways, easements or other rights-of-way for any purpose, street and/or road names shall be indicated; and

b. Structures, buildings, wells, electric and other utility systems, including water lines and sewage collection and/or treatment facilities, storage tanks, fire hydrants and other fire-fighting facilities, common areas including recreational facilities and parking areas, fencing, landscaping, signage and lighting; and

4. Indicate the date of preparation, scale of survey and north arrow.

5. Topographical information shall be shown to include the following:

a. Contour lines at ten (10) foot intervals based on NGVD 1929 datum for slopes over 5%, and 2-foot intervals for slopes of 5% or less; and

b. All Special Flood Hazard areas as identified by the most current Flood Insurance Rate Maps published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

c. Developments that lie within, all or part, of the flood plain are subject to additional requirements imposed by applicable laws and regulations.

6. The survey shall be on permanent reproducible paper, 18 inches vertical and 24 inches horizontal, with margins of not less than one inch. The survey shall be drawn at a scale of not more than 200 feet to one (1) inch. Where more than one sheet is necessary to accommodate the entire development, an index sheet showing the entire development at an appropriate scale shall be attached to the survey. Six (6) copies of the survey shall be submitted, together with one (1) reproducible copy of the original.

Section E Minimum Infrastructure Standards for Manufactured Home Rental Communities

A. STATUTORY AUTHORITY

Texas Local Government Code, Section 232.007 authorizes the Commissioners Court to establish minimum infrastructure standards for manufactured home rental communities located in the County outside the limits of a municipality.

B. FINDINGS

The Commissioners Court finds that the minimum infrastructure standards established in this Order and the Rules adopted herein are necessary to promote the health, safety, morals, or general welfare of Burleson County and the safe, orderly, and healthful development of the unincorporated area of the county;

C. EXCLUSIONS

This Order is not applicable to subdivisions of property in the unincorporated areas of Burleson County where manufactured homes or other structures of a permanent or temporary nature are allowed to be placed or located on spaces or lots owned or to be sold or offered for sale to the owners of the manufactured homes or other structures placed or located on such spaces or lots; or to a plot or tract of land in the unincorporated area of Burleson County that is separated into two or more spaces or lots that are rented, leased, or offered for rent or lease for a term of 60 months or more or that are rented, leased, or offered for rent or lease with a purchase option. Such subdivisions and/or plots and/or tracts are subject to and shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Development Rules and Regulations.

D. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The owner of land located in Burleson County outside the city limits of a municipality who intends to use the land for a manufactured home rental community must have a Development Plan prepared that complies with the minimum infrastructure standards set forth below.

1. Requirements of the Development Plan:

The development Plan shall include written documentation to satisfy all items set forth under the Minimum Infrastructure Standards, Rules, and the survey as set forth herein. The Development Plan shall contain the following components:

- a. A drainage plan that complies with the provisions set forth in Subsection 5.1 herein; and
- b. A road and driveway plan that complies with the standards set forth in Subsection 5.2 herein; and
- c. Documentation of approval of water supply system and/or agreement to be provided water in accordance with these Development Regulations;
- d. Provision for the safe, effective and sanitary treatment of wastewater, in accordance with these Development Regulations;
- e. Evidence of satisfaction of other infrastructure requirements of the Development Regulations; and
- f. Survey of the manufactured home rental community that complies with the provisions set forth herein.
- g. No portion of the manufactured home rental community may be located within the floodplain.

2. Processing of the Development Plan:

Not later than the sixtieth (60th) day after the date the owner of a proposed manufactured home rental community submits a Development Plan to the County for approval, the Commissioners Court shall approve or reject the Development Plan. If the Development Plan is rejected, the County shall provide the applicant with written notice of rejection specifying the reasons for the rejection and the actions required for approval of the Development Plan. The failure to reject a plan within the period prescribed by this subsection constitutes approval of the Development Plan, provided that such sixty-day period shall begin

on the date that the administratively complete plan is submitted to the County. When corrections to the plan are required by the Commissioners Court, another sixty-day period shall commence upon submission to the County of the corrected plan.

3. Certificate of Compliance:

Construction of a proposed manufactured home rental community shall not begin before the Commissioners Court approves the Development Plan. The Commissioners Court may require inspection of the infrastructure during construction and shall require a final inspection of the infrastructure by the County Engineer. The final inspection must be completed not later than the second business day after the date the County Engineer receives an affidavit from the owner of the manufactured home rental community that construction of the infrastructure has been completed in accordance with the approved Development Plan. If the County Engineer determines that the infrastructure complies with the Development Plan, the Commissioners Court through its designated agent will issue a Certificate of Compliance not later than the fifth business day after the date the final inspection is completed.

E. ENFORCEMENT

The following restrictions apply to utility connections in a manufactured home rental community:

1. A utility may not provide utility services, including water, sewer, gas, and electric services, to a manufactured home rental community subject to a Development Plan, or to a manufactured home or recreational vehicle in such community unless the owner provides the utility with a copy of the Certificate of Compliance.

2. This subsection applies only to: (1) a municipality that provides utility services; (2) a municipally owned or municipally operated utility that provides utility services; (3) a public utility that provides utility services; (4) a nonprofit water supply or sewer service corporation organized and operating under chapter 67, Texas Water Code, that provides utility services; (5) a county that provides utility services; or (6) a special district or authority created by state law that provides utility services.

F. MINIMUM INFRASTRUCTURE STANDARDS

Following are minimum infrastructure standards for a manufactured home rental community:

1. Drainage

The Development Plan shall include provisions for adequate drainage. To satisfy this requirement, the Development Plan shall comply with all applicable drainage requirements of the Development Regulations.

2. Roads and Driveways

a. Roads and/or driveways in the manufactured home rental community shall be designed and constructed to meet the minimum infrastructure standards contained herein to provide ingress and egress for fire and emergency vehicles. To satisfy this requirement, the roads shall comply with the standards and specifications for roads and streets as set forth in these Development Regulations, with modifications as follows:

i. A driveway as defined in the Development Rules and Regulations may be commercial, private or public and provides access from the property or a portion of the property to a highway, road, or street. A driveway shall not be used for public circulation. Minimum requirements for driveway design and construction shall be in accordance with the Development Rules and Regulations except that driveway width shall be 18 feet minimum to 22 feet maximum and minimum culvert size shall be 18 inches.

ii. Right-of-Way: All roadway right-of-way in a manufactured home rental community shall be reasonably cleared of all impediments including boulders, stumps, trees, or any other debris. Selective clearing may be approved by the County Engineer.

b. Exception

Road and driveway requirements for any manufactured home rental community with 5 or fewer units on 6 or more acres of land shall be in accordance with the Burleson County Fire Code.

3. Road Signage

The developer of a proposed manufactured home rental community shall present a sign placement plan for the community and obtain approval of the plan by the County Engineer prior to construction of any roads in the community. No sign placement plan is required for driveways. The sign placement plan shall comply with the requirements for roadway signs in the Roads and Streets standards of the Development Regulations.

4. Water Supply Specifications

The Development Plan shall include specifications and provisions for an adequate public or community water supply in accordance with Subchapter C, Chapter 34I, Texas Health and Safety Code and applicable provisions of the water supply requirements of these Development Regulations.

5. Wastewater Disposal Specifications

The Development Plan shall include provisions for the safe, effective and sanitary treatment of wastewater. To satisfy this requirement, the Development Plan shall comply with the requirements for wastewater disposal in these Development Regulations.

G. RULES

1. Open Areas and Recreational Facilities

Sufficient open areas and recreational facilities shall be provided by the developer in the manufactured home rental community to serve the occupants of the community at full occupancy as determined by the Commissioners Court or its designee. At least one acre of open space/recreational area, not including streets, roads, alleys or utility or drainage easements shall be set aside for each ten acres or part thereof developed as a manufactured home rental community.

2. Fencing and Landscaping

The perimeter of the manufactured home rental community shall be enclosed in privacy fencing and/or landscaping (plants, shrubs, trees etc.) to a minimum height from the ground of six feet. No chain link or wire fencing will be permitted.

3. Lighting:

Sufficient lighting shall be provided within the community to illuminate all areas of the community for safety, security, law enforcement and emergency services purposes. Such lighting shall be designed and installed so that light is directed downward and outward with minimal light directed upward ("dark sky" fixtures).

4. Trash and Waste Collection and Disposal

All manufactured home rental communities shall be served by a public or commercial waste collection and disposal service that collects all trash and rubbish at least once weekly. It shall be a condition of occupancy that all tenants agree to be served by such service. All rental spaces and all common areas shall be kept clear of all waste, trash, inoperative motor vehicles and other unsanitary, unhealthful, unsightly and nuisance conditions. All spaces and common areas shall be kept mowed and free of high grass and weeds or other conditions that harbor insects, rodents or other conditions that pose a threat to the health, safety or welfare of the occupants of the community or citizens of Burleson County.

5. Parking

No on-street parking of motor vehicles will be permitted in manufactured home rental communities. Parking lots shall be provided within the community for overflow and guest parking.

H. SURVEY REQUIREMENTS

The Development Plan shall include a survey of the proposed manufactured home rental community prepared by a registered professional surveyor licensed in the State of Texas and shall comply with the following requirements:

1. Be an accurate survey of the property, with reference to a patent survey line and adjoining established subdivisions. The approximate acreage of the manufactured home rental community shall be shown to the nearest 0.1 acre.

2. Show the location, dimensions, names and description of all existing or recorded:

a. Roads, streets, alleys, reservations, easements or other rights-of-way, including storm water collection and drainage areas, within the area of the proposed manufactured home rental community and intersecting or contiguous with its boundaries or fanning such boundaries or that are proposed to serve the proposed community; and

b. All structures, including buildings, fences, wells (water, oil or monitor), storage tanks, fire hydrants or other fire-fighting connections, electric and other utility systems including water supply and septic collection and treatment systems located within the area of the proposed manufactured home rental community or that are proposed to serve the proposed community.

3. Show the location, dimensions, names and description of all proposed roads, streets, alleys, driveways, easements or other rights-of-way for any purpose.

a. Street and/or road names shall be indicated.

i. All roads shall be named, with prior approval from Burleson County 911 addressing.

ii. Addresses will be assigned by Burleson County Addressing.

b. Improvements shall be indicated.

Structures, buildings, wells, electric and other utility systems, including water lines and sewage collection and/or treatment facilities, storage tanks, fire hydrants and other fire-fighting facilities, common areas including recreational facilities and parking areas, fencing, landscaping, signage and lighting shall be indicated.

c. Rental spaces shall be consecutively numbered.

d. Rental spaces shall be delineated, in accordance with these dimensional requirements:

i. Subject to the additional requirements imposed by this Section, each rental space shall be at least one-quarter acre in size with front, side, and rear dimensions large enough to accommodate the manufactured home/RV to be placed on it and provide at least fifty feet of setback between the manufactured home/RV and any property line or street, road or alley, at least twenty-five feet of open space between the manufactured home/RV located on the rental space and any adjacent manufactured home/RV or other adjacent structure, and large enough to provide adequate parking for at least two motor vehicles on the rental space without obstructing any setback from a private or public road. No more than one manufactured home or RV and one storage shed shall be located on a rental space.

ii. Exception

Any manufactured home rental community with 5 or fewer units on 6 or more acres shall be exempt from the ¼ acre minimum rental space requirement.

4. Indicate the date of preparation, scale of survey and north arrow.

5. Topographical information shall be shown to include the following:

a. Contour lines at ten (10) foot intervals based on NGVD 1929 datum for slopes over 5%, and 2-foot intervals for slopes of 5% or less; and

b. All Special Flood Hazard areas as identified by the most current Flood Insurance Rate Maps published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

c. Manufactured home rental communities that lie within, all or part, of the flood plain are subject to additional requirements imposed by applicable laws and regulations.

6. The survey shall be on permanent reproducible paper, 18 inches vertical and 24 inches horizontal, with margins of not less than one inch. The survey shall be drawn at a scale of not more than 200 feet to one (1) inch. Where more than one sheet is necessary to accommodate the entire manufactured home rental community, an index sheet showing the entire community at an appropriate scale shall be attached to the survey. Six (6) copies of the survey shall be submitted, together with one (1) reproducible copy of the original

I. APPLICABILITY TO RECREATIONAL VEHICLES

Tracts of land located in the unincorporated areas of Burleson County containing two or more spaces that are rented, leased, or offered for rent or lease, for the location of recreational vehicles used as residential

dwellings (housing for one or more persons) shall comply with the terms of these Development Regulations.

J. AUTHORITY TO ENTER PREMISES

Upon exhibiting proper identification, any law enforcement personnel or any County official, agent or employee charged with the enforcement of health, environmental, safety, or fire laws may enter any premises in the unincorporated area of the County at any reasonable time to inspect, investigate, or to enforce the provisions of this order and applicable law.

Article 12 – Final Construction Approval and Maintenance Acceptance of Infrastructure

Section A Final Approval of Construction

1. The enforcement of plat restrictions resides with the Commissioner’s Court of Burleson County; however, in an ETJ both the city and the Commissioner’s Court of Burleson County shall have the right and authority to enforce plat restrictions. This enforcement shall occur through appropriate legal procedures to prohibit the construction or connection of utilities, or issuing of permits unless or until the requirements of the plat restrictions have been achieved.
2. Any alterations from approved Plans resulting from construction or otherwise shall be prepared by the Owner at no cost to Burleson County, and to the satisfaction of the Commissioner’s Court and County Engineer, in their sole discretion.
3. If Improvements to existing TxDOT controlled Roads are required, construction of such Improvements shall be complete and copies of correspondence from TxDOT stating TxDOT’s acceptance of Improvements shall be submitted to the County Engineer prior to requesting a final inspection by Burleson County.
4. Upon completion of construction and verification by the County Engineer that all public infrastructure has been completed in accordance with the conditions stated in Article 10 Section F. The County Engineer shall issue an approval of construction letter.

Section B Final Maintenance Acceptance of Infrastructure

1. The Owner of the platted Lots is responsible for maintenance of all Roads within Subdivision until such time as the construction of the Roads have been accepted by the County. The filing of a Final Plat does not constitute Final Maintenance Acceptance or maintenance responsibility by the County.
2. The County will consider accepting a Road for maintenance only after dedication to the public of the Right-of-Way and final approval of all roadway construction by the County.
3. At the end of construction of the Subdivision, but prior to consideration of Final Maintenance Acceptance of the infrastructure by the County, the Owner shall provide a maintenance surety in accordance with Article 10.
4. The Owner shall request four (4) months prior to the conclusion of the designated maintenance surety period, as defined in Article 10, a final inspection of all infrastructure.
5. The County will assume no responsibility for drainage ways or Easements in the Subdivision outside of the Road Right-of-Way. Maintenance and liability of Improvements including but not limited to landscaping, illumination, sidewalks, water quality ponds, or any other Improvements required by other governmental agencies shall not be the responsibility of the County.

6. If landscaping, irrigation, sidewalks, illumination, water quality ponds, etc. are proposed within the Right-of-Way, the Owner and all future Owners of property within this Subdivision shall be responsible for the maintenance and liability of these features.
7. Prior to consideration of Final Maintenance Acceptance, any damage to existing County facilities resulting from construction shall be repaired by the Owner at no cost to Burleson County, and to the satisfaction of the Commissioner's Court and County Engineer, in their sole discretion.
8. The County's acceptance of any public infrastructure for maintenance is optional.

Article 13. Variances

Section A Variances

1. The Commissioner's Court of Burleson County shall have the authority to grant Variances from these Regulations when the public interest or the requirements of justice demands relaxation of the strict requirements of the rules.
2. Any person who wishes to receive a Variance shall apply to the County Engineer. All Variance request shall be submitted in writing to the County Engineer. The request must state the provisions to which a Variance is being sought while illustrating the necessity for the Variance. It must be further shown that the Variance will not create adverse impacts to the public interest.
3. The decision of the Commissioner's Court whether to grant or deny a Variance is at its complete discretion, and shall be final.
4. No Variance shall be granted regarding bonding.
5. Financial hardship to the Applicant shall not be deemed sufficient reason to constitute the recommendation of a Variance.

Article 14. Penalties

Section A Penalties

1. Section 232.005 of the Texas Local Government Code provides for the enforcement of the State Subdivision laws and of these Regulations.
2. A person commits an offense if the person knowingly or intentionally violates a requirement of these Regulations. Such offense is a Class B misdemeanor, as defined in the Texas Local Government Code as amended.
3. Under Texas Law, a person may be jointly responsible as a party to an offense if the person (acting with intent to promote or assist the commission of the offense) solicits, encourages, directs, aids, or attempts to aid another person to commit the offense. Thus, a real estate agent or broker, a lender, an attorney, a surveyor, an Engineer, a title insurer, or any other person who assists in violating these Regulations may also face criminal penalties.
4. Besides prosecuting a criminal complaint, the County Attorney or other prosecuting attorney for the County may file a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to enjoin any violation or threatened violation of these Regulations, and to recover damages.
5. A tract that has been subdivided without compliance with these Regulations will be ineligible to obtain a permit for the construction or modification of a private sewage facility located on the tract.

APPENDIX A

PLAT APPLICATION

SUBJECT PROPERTY INFORMATION	
APPLICATION DATE *:	RESUBMITTAL: <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
PROJECT / SUBDIVISION NAME:	
PROJECT ADDRESS OR LOCATION:	
LEGAL DESCRIPTION:	
IF RESUBMITTAL, PROJECT FORMERLY KNOWN AS:	
NUMBER OF LOTS:	TOTAL ACREAGE
JURISDICTION : <input type="checkbox"/> _____ CITY LIMITS <input type="checkbox"/> _____ ETJ <input type="checkbox"/> OUTSIDE ALL CITY LIMITS AND ETJs	

* **Notification of Application completeness will be given within 10 days of Application date. All incomplete Applications will be rejected. This Application shall expire five (5) years from the Application date of the project.**

TYPE OF APPLICATION		
<input type="checkbox"/> MASTER PLAN	<input type="checkbox"/> SIMPLIFIED PLAT	<input type="checkbox"/> PRELIMINARY PLAN
<input type="checkbox"/> FINAL PLAT	<input type="checkbox"/> AMENDING PLAT	<input type="checkbox"/> REPLAT

APPLICATION PURPOSE		
<input type="checkbox"/> RESIDENTIAL	<input type="checkbox"/> MANUFACTURED HOME RENTAL COMMUNITY	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCIAL
<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (Please explain):		

FLOODPLAIN	
IS ANY OF THE PROPERTY LOCATED IN A FLOODPLAIN OR FLOOD HAZARD AREA?	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
<p>Acknowledgment: The flood hazard boundary maps and other flood data used by Burleson County in evaluating flood hazards to proposed Developments are considered reasonable and accurate for regulatory purposes and are based on the best available scientific and engineering data. On rare occasions greater floods can and will occur and flood heights may be increased by man-made or natural causes. Issuance of a Floodplain Permit in accordance with the Burleson County Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance does not imply that Development outside the areas of special flood hazard will be free from flooding or flood damage. Issuance of a permit shall not create liability on the part of Burleson County or any officer or employee of Burleson County in the event flooding or flood damage does occur.</p>	

TxDOT RIGHT-OF-WAY	
WILL ANY CONSTRUCTION OCCUR IN TxDOT RIGHT-OF-WAYS?	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO

DIGITAL FILE SUBMISSION			
COUNTY ENGINEER	<input type="checkbox"/> ADOBE (.pdf file)	<input type="checkbox"/> AutoCAD (.dwg file)	(Email To:)
911 ADDRESSING	<input type="checkbox"/> ADOBE (.pdf file)	<input type="checkbox"/> AutoCAD (.dwg file)	(Email To:

CONTACT INFORMATION
APPLICANT INFORMATION
FIRM NAME:

CONTACT:		
ADDRESS:		
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP:
PHONE:	FAX:	
EMAIL:		

PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION		
FIRM NAME:		
CONTACT:		
ADDRESS:		
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP:
PHONE:	FAX:	
EMAIL:		

ENGINEER INFORMATION		
FIRM NAME:		
CONTACT:		
ADDRESS:		
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP:
PHONE:	FAX:	
EMAIL:		

SURVEYOR INFORMATION		
FIRM NAME:		
CONTACT:		
ADDRESS:		
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP:
PHONE:	FAX:	
EMAIL:		

OTHER INFORMATION		
FIRM NAME:		
CONTACT:		
ADDRESS:		
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP:
PHONE:	FAX:	
EMAIL:		

PROPERTY OWNER CONSENT / AGENT AUTHORIZATION
By my signature, I hereby affirm that I am the property Owner of record, or if the Applicant is an organization or business entity, that authorization has been granted to represent the Owner, organization or business in this Application. I certify that the preceding information is complete and accurate, and it is understood that I agree to the Development/Subdivision of this property.

SIGNATURE:	PRINTED NAME:	DATE:
SIGNATURE:	PRINTED NAME:	DATE:
By signing this form, the Owner of the property authorizes Burleson County to begin proceedings in accordance with the process for this type of Application indicated on page one of this Application. The Owner further acknowledges that submission of an Application does not in any way obligate the County to approve the Application and that although County staff may make certain recommendations regarding this Application, the Commissioner's Court may not follow that recommendation and may make a final decision that does not conform to the staff's recommendation.		

RECEIPT BY BURLESON COUNTY (Official Use Only)	
DATE APPLICATION RECEIVED: ____ / ____ / ____	DATE APPLICATION RECEIVED / REJECTED: ____ / ____ / ____
SIGNATURE:	SIGNATURE:
Receipt of this Application by Burleson County does not provide confirmation or acceptance of a complete Application, nor does it waive requirements for any additional information not contained as part of this Application which may also be needed as a part of the review process.	

Application Check List:

Copies of finished plat with corrections (if any):

- Three (3) hard copies to Burleson County
- One (1) .pdf copy to Burleson County
- One (1) .dwg copy to Burleson County
- One (1) hard copy to Burleson County Environmental
- One (1) hard copy to Burleson County 911
- One (1) hard copy to local Water District or Company

Letters of approval (to be sent by the approving institution directly to Burleson County Engineering):

- Letter from Burleson County Environmental - For On-site sewage evaluation.
- Letter from Burleson County 911 - For Road names.
- Letter from Water District or Company. - Stating water availability, etc.

If property is within an Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ) of a City:

- Approval notification from appropriate City.

Applicant attests that they have signed this Application in the capacity designated, if any, and further attests that they have read document and the statement contained herein and any attached are true and factual. All Applicants are encouraged to review the County Regulations prior to any plat submittal. It is understood that this Application is not finished or dated until all documents listed above are filed at the Burleson County Engineering Office and all applicable blanks are filled in the Application above.

SIMPLIFIED FINAL PLAT REQUIREMENTS

Every Simplified Plat shall include all of the following:

- Title Block with the following information:
 - Name, address, telephone and email address of Subdivider, recorded Owner, Engineer and surveyor.
 - Proposed name of Subdivision. (Subdivision name & Street names will be approved through the Burleson County 911.) (Replats need to retain original Subdivision name.)
 - Date of preparation. (Include the date of any revisions on the plat.)
 - Engineer's scale in feet.
 - Total area intended to be developed.
 - Proposed number of Lots to be developed.
 - Re-plat or Amending Plat, existing Lot and Block description or Abstract name and number.
- North arrow.
- Drawn on 24" x 36" sheet to scale of 100-feet per inch or larger.
- Subdivision boundary indicated by heavy lines. Boundary must include all of Parent Tract.
- All horizontal control and vertical elevations depicted on the plat shall be tied to NAD83 and NAVD 1988 Datum.
- A vicinity map, drawn at a scale appropriate to show all nearby major Roadways and sufficient in detail to identify the location of the proposed plat.
- All adjacent property Owner's names, deed record, or Subdivision name, Block and Lot number, and existing use.
- All parcels within the boundary of the Subdivision shall have a Block and Lot number shown on the face of the plat drawing.
- County boundaries, City limits, Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ) boundaries, school district boundaries and Subdivision section and/or phase boundaries.
- Road names and Right-of-Way width for all Roads. (Existing and proposed)
- All existing and proposed plat boundary lines, phase/section lines, and Lot lines with bearings and dimensions.
- Utility Services. (Water, wastewater, electrical, natural gas, cable, phone, etc.)
- Pipelines: label company with volume and page.
- All certification language as found in Appendix C.
- Easements and rights-of-way shall be dedicated to the public. The dedication of all Easements and rights-of-way shall be accomplished free of liens. The dedication shall be accompanied by the Certificate of Ownership and Dedication language found in Appendix C. The Owner's and any lien holder's dedication, and restrictions if any duly acknowledged in the manner required for acknowledgement of deeds, shall also be provided.
- All proposed Easements and existing Easements of record that have a designated route shall be shown on the plat with bearings and dimensions. The Owner shall be responsible for coordinating with all Utility Providers the location of all utility Easements that are shown on the Final Plat.
- Building Setback Lines for each proposed Lot as defined herein. For Subdivisions located within an Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ), this may be shown on the drawing or included as a plat note.

- Metes and bounds description of the property to be subdivided shall be certified by a Registered Professional Land Surveyor (RPLS), describing a beginning point and reciting bearings and distances to a corner of the original land grant survey of which the Subdivision is a part, according to the best available data. (Shown on drawing; not separate description)
- All Subdivision external corners, angle points, points of curvature and points of tangency shall be set by a Registered Professional Land Surveyor (RPLS) before the plat is recorded and shall be a TxDOT "Light Duty Setting" monument with an aluminum or bronze disk as specified in Appendix C of the TxDOT Survey Manual of April 2011. Alternately, Bernsten® Standard Aluminum Base monument (or equivalent as approved by the County Engineer) embedded and backfilled with compacted sand may be used. All Daughter Lots, Blocks and rights-of-way within the Subdivision shall be fully monumented in compliance with the Texas Board of Professional Land Surveying Act and the Board Rules set by a Registered Professional Land Surveyor (RPLS) before the plat is recorded.
- Primary control points or descriptions and ties to such control points, to which, later, all dimensions, angles, bearings, Block numbers, and similar data shall be referred. The plat shall be located with respect to a corner of the surveyor tract, or an original corner of the original survey of which it is a part. All boundaries shall be tied to a County control monument.
- The plat note regarding Owner's responsibilities as found in Appendix G.4, if not contained in the Owner's dedication.
- The On-site Sewage Facility (OSSF) setback as required by the Burleson Rules for On-Site Sewage Facilities
- The location, zone classification and panel Effective Date of the 100-Year Floodplain as identified on the most current Burleson County Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).
- If there are any areas within the plat that include a FEMA-mapped Floodplain with a Zone A classification, or if there exists within or adjacent to the plat any water courses whose upstream drainage basin is larger than 64 acres, the plat shall also show the extent of the 100-Year Floodplain as determined by an engineering study under the seal of a Registered Professional Engineer. This study shall be sufficient in scope to determine and establish a BFE for all points within the plat.
- BFE's shall be shown for all points within the plat, as determined by the results of an engineering study. For plats where a FEMA-mapped Floodplain with a Zone AE classification exists within the plat, the BFE established by the accompanying FEMA- published flood study may be substituted for the engineering study.
- A minimum lowest finished floor elevation (FFE) for Buildings shall be established for each Lot within the plat. This minimum FFE shall be twelve (12) inches higher than the highest spot elevation that is located within five (5) feet outside the perimeter of the Building, or two-feet above the BFE, whichever is higher.
- If any areas within the plat include a 100-Year Floodplain (as determined by the results of an engineering study or as established by FEMA), a benchmark shall be established by the Owner within or immediately adjacent to the boundary of the plat. The location, description and elevation of the benchmark are required to be identified on the face of the plat. The elevation of this benchmark shall utilize the same vertical datum as that used in the engineering study to determine the FFE.
- A separate drawing containing both existing and proposed topographic information at 2-FT contour intervals along with the plat boundaries, Easement locations (existing & proposed), and culverts (existing & proposed).
- The certification language as found in Appendix C for both the Commissioner's Court approval and the County Clerk's filing certificate shall be located on the face of the plat. These signatures shall be obtained after approval by the Burleson County Commissioner's Court.
- If any Lot within the plat will be served by a well or an On-site Sewage Facility (OSSF), a letter must be provided by the Burleson County Environmental Department stating they have examined the plat and that it is in compliance with the Burleson County On-site Sewage Facility (OSSF) Regulations, Construction Standards for On-site Sewage Facility (OSSF) Regulations as published by the Texas

Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). This letter must be signed by a representative of the District prior to Final Plat approval.

- If the plat contains a water well site, there shall be a depiction of the TCEQ separation requirements per Title 30, Part 1, Chapter 290, Subchapter D Rule §290.41.
- If rural route mailboxes are proposed, the plat note as found in Appendix G.2 for placement of such mailboxes shall be shown on the face of the plat.
- If any areas of the plat are located outside of all incorporated areas, the plat note as found in Appendix G.1 regarding the requirement to obtain a unique Development Permit from the Burleson County Floodplain Administrator prior to locating or altering a structure or land shall be placed on the plat.
- It is the responsibility of the Owner to assure that the proposed name of the Subdivision is not duplicated. Subdivisions with different sections are considered unique. The Owner shall check with the County Clerk's records for verification.
- Driveway culverts for all Lots shall be designed by a Licensed Professional Engineer.
- If entrances or driveways are proposed fronting Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) controlled highways, farm-to-market Roads, or others, copies of correspondence with TxDOT are required to be submitted with the Preliminary Plan stating that the general entrance or driveway configuration is within TxDOT's guidelines. Formal approval of the layout from TxDOT is required prior to approval of Final Plat.
- The diameter and length for each driveway culvert shall be shown on a table on the plat. This information shall also be placed in the deed restrictions for the Lots in the Subdivision.
- The Owner shall provide a letter of serviceability from an entity or entities providing water service or a letter stating that no service is available within 300 feet of the Subdivision and certifying that the Lots are suitable for private wells.
- Any Improvements proposed within the Right-of-Way including, but not limited to, irrigation, landscaping, sidewalks, Subdivision identification signs, etc. shall be maintained in accordance with an executed license agreement between the County and the Owner.
- This check list along with the required copies of the plat shall be submitted to the County Engineer for approval.
- Location and size of all existing and proposed subsurface and surface water drainage facilities, including water bodies on or immediately adjacent to the subject property and detention basins, if needed.
- All existing and proposed water courses or manmade drainage channels shall be located within a Common Area to be maintained by Owner.

MASTER PLAN / PRELIMINARY PLAN REQUIREMENTS

Every Master Plan / Preliminary Plan shall include all of the following:

- Title Block with the following information:
 - Name, address, telephone and email address of Subdivider, recorded Owner, Engineer and surveyor.
 - Proposed name of Subdivision. (Subdivision name & Street names will be approved through the Burleson County 911.)
 - Date of preparation. (Include the date of any revisions on the plan.)
 - Engineer's scale in feet.
 - Total area intended to be developed.
 - Proposed number of Lots to be developed.
 - Abstract name and number.
- The Preliminary Plan shall carry the legend "PRELIMINARY PLAN FOR REVIEW PURPOSES ONLY".
- North arrow.
- Drawn on 24" x 36" sheet to scale of 100-feet per inch or larger.
- Subdivision boundary indicated by heavy lines. Boundary must include all of Parent Tract.
- All horizontal control and vertical elevations depicted on the plan shall be tied to NAD83 and NAVD 1988 Datum.
- A vicinity map, drawn at a scale appropriate to show all nearby major Roadways and sufficient in detail to identify the location of the proposed plan.
- All adjacent property Owner's names, deed record, or Subdivision name, Block and Lot number, and existing use.
- All parcels within the boundary of the Subdivision shall have a Block and Lot number shown on the face of the plan drawing.
- County boundaries, City limits, Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ) boundaries, school district boundaries and Subdivision section and/or phase boundaries.
- Road names and Road designation (whether the Road will be public or privately owned), pavement width and Right-of-Way width for all proposed Roads within and all existing Roads abutting the plan. (Proposed and existing)
- All existing and proposed plan boundary lines, phase/section lines, and Lot lines with bearings and dimensions.
- Utility Services. (Water, wastewater, electrical, natural gas, cable, phone, etc.) (Existing and proposed.)
- Pipelines: label company with volume and page.
- The Preliminary Plan (including the entire Parent Tract if only a portion of that tract is to be subdivided) shall be shown on a single sheet, regardless of its acreage. The Preliminary Plan may also be shown on multiple sheets if necessary to show all detail and required information as required by this section.
- Size, in acres, of all Daughter Tracts.
- Centerline tangent lengths and curve data for all proposed Roads.
- Easements and rights-of-way shall be dedicated to the public. The dedication of all Easements and rights-of-way shall be accomplished free of liens.

- All proposed Easements and existing Easements of record that have a designated route shall be shown on the plan with bearings and dimensions. The Owner shall be responsible for coordinating with all Utility Providers the location of all utility Easements that are shown on the Final Plat.
- Building Setback Lines for each proposed Lot as defined herein. For Subdivisions located within an Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ), this may be shown on the drawing or included as a plan note.
- Metes and bounds description of the property to be subdivided shall be certified by a Registered Professional Land Surveyor (RPLS), describing a beginning point and reciting bearings and distances to a corner of the original land grant survey of which the Subdivision is a part, according to the best available data. (Shown on drawing; not separate description)
- Primary control points or descriptions and ties to such control points, to which, later, all dimensions, angles, bearings, Block numbers, and similar data shall be referred. The plat shall be located with respect to a corner of the surveyor tract, or an original corner of the original survey of which it is a part. All boundaries shall be tied to a County control monument.
- The plat note regarding Owner's responsibilities as found in Appendix G.4, if not contained in the Owner's dedication.
- The On-site Sewage Facility (OSSF) setback as required by the Burleson County Rules for On-Site Sewage Facilities.
- The location, zone classification and panel Effective Date of the 100-Year Floodplain as identified on the most current Burleson County Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).
- If there are any areas within the plat that include a FEMA-mapped Floodplain with a Zone A classification, or if there exists within or adjacent to the plat any water courses whose upstream drainage basin is larger than 64 acres, the plat shall also show the extent of the 100-Year Floodplain as determined by an engineering study under the seal of a Registered Professional Engineer. This study shall be sufficient in scope to determine and establish a BFE for all points within the plat.
- BFE's shall be shown for all points within the plat, as determined by the results of an engineering study. For plats where a FEMA-mapped Floodplain with a Zone AE classification exists within the plat, the BFE established by the accompanying FEMA- published flood study may be substituted for the engineering study.
- A minimum lowest finished floor elevation (FFE) for Buildings shall be established for each Lot within the plat. This minimum FFE shall be 12-inches higher than the highest spot elevation that is located within five feet outside the perimeter of the Building, or two-feet above the BFE, whichever is higher.
- If any areas within the plat include a 100-Year Floodplain (as determined by the results of an engineering study or as established by FEMA), a benchmark shall be established by the Owner within or immediately adjacent to the boundary of the plat. The location, description and elevation of the benchmark are required to be identified on the face of the plat. The elevation of this benchmark shall utilize the same vertical datum as that used in the engineering study to determine the FFE.
- A drawing containing both existing and proposed topographic information at 2-FT contour intervals along with the plat boundaries, Easement locations (existing & proposed), and culverts (existing & proposed).
- If the plat contains a water well site, there shall be a depiction of the TCEQ separation requirements per Title 30, Part 1, Chapter 290, Subchapter D Rule §290.41.
- It is the responsibility of the Owner to assure that the proposed name of the Subdivision is not duplicated. Subdivisions with different sections are considered unique. The Owner shall check with the County Clerk's records for verification.
- The Owner shall provide a letter of serviceability from an entity or entities providing water service or a letter stating that no service is available within 300 feet of the Subdivision and certifying that the Lots are suitable for private wells.
- If entrances or driveways are proposed fronting Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) controlled highways, farm-to-market Roads, or others, copies of correspondence with TxDOT are

required to be submitted with the Preliminary Plan stating that the general entrance or driveway configuration is within TxDOT's guidelines. Formal approval of the layout from TxDOT is required prior to approval of Final Plat.

- For Road widening and drainage purposes the Owner shall dedicate the Right-of-Way. In the case of drainage that is provided for the Lots, it shall be located outside of the Right-of-Way in a private drainage Easement. In the case of drainage that is provided for the Roadway, it shall be located within the Right-of-Way.
- Indicate the centerline length of each Road in the proposed Subdivision and its design speed.
- If the Roads within the Subdivision will be privately maintained, include the appropriate note(s) per the requirements of Article 8 of these Regulations.
- Locations of existing and proposed private alleys.
- Locations of existing and proposed public areas.
- Locations of other public Improvements, including but not limited to parks, schools and other public facilities.
- The location of proposed cluster mailboxes, as required.
- All proposed Off-site Easements for infrastructure construction must be shown on the Preliminary Plan.
- Proposed phasing. Each phase must be able to stand alone to meet requirements of these Regulations.
- Location and size of all existing and proposed subsurface and surface water drainage facilities, including water bodies on or immediately adjacent to the subject property and detention basins, if needed.
- If the proposed Preliminary Plan is to be a Private Subdivision (containing privately maintained Roads), the title of the plan shall contain the phrase, "A Private Subdivision". Refer to Article 8 for additional requirements.
- This check list along with the required copies of the plan shall be submitted to the County Engineer for approval.
- Include a description of contributing drainage to the proposed Subdivision. The submittal shall include the area, slope and type of Development in the contributing area.
- Drainage narrative in compliance with the BCEDG.
- Clearly indicate the method of sanitary sewage treatment and/or disposal such as, but not limited to, municipal sewer service, private sewage disposal system and On-site sewage facilities including the size and location of all proposed sewer mains and manholes. Preliminary grades for each main between manholes and the depth at each manhole shall also be shown.
- All existing and proposed water courses or manmade drainage channels shall be located within a Common Area to be maintained by Owner.

FINAL PLAT APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

Every Final Plat must include all of the items provided on the Simplified Plat checklist as well as the following:

- For Road widening and drainage purposes the Owner shall dedicate the Right-of-Way. In the case of drainage that is provided for the Lots, it shall be located outside of the Right-of-Way in a private drainage Easement. In the case of drainage that is provided for the Roadway, it shall be located within the Right-of-Way.
- If public Roadways are to be built as part of the plat, the plat note regarding the responsibility for construction of Roadways as found in Appendix G.3 shall be placed on the face of the plat.
- The plat note regarding Owner's responsibilities as found in Appendix G.4, if not contained in the Owner's dedication.
- Indicate the centerline length of each Road in the proposed Subdivision and its design speed.
- If more than four mailboxes are to be provided within the Subdivision, cluster mailboxes shall be provided and the location of such shall be indicated on the plat.
- If the Roads within the Subdivision will be privately maintained, include the appropriate note(s) per the requirements of Article 8 of these Regulations.
- Locations of existing and proposed private alleys.
- Locations of existing and proposed public areas.
- Locations of other Public Improvements, including but not limited to parks, schools and other public facilities.
- All Off-site Easements for infrastructure construction must be shown on the Final Plat with a volume and page listed to indicate where the separate instrument Easements were filed. Separate instrument Easements must be filed prior or concurrently with Final Plat.
- Proposed phasing. All phasing shall be in accordance with the approved Master Plan and/or Preliminary Plan and each phase must be able to stand alone to meet requirements of these Regulations. Infrastructure costs should be separate for each phase of the Subdivision.
- Location and size of all existing and proposed subsurface and surface water drainage facilities, including water bodies on or immediately adjacent to the subject property.
- If the proposed Final Plat is to be a Private Subdivision (containing privately maintained Roads), the title of the plat shall contain the phrase, "A Private Subdivision". Refer to Article 8 for additional requirements.
- In the case of an On-site Sewage Facility (OSSF), the Developer shall be responsible for providing a Development Plan, as performed by a Professional Sanitarian, a Licensed Professional Engineer, or person certified as required by TCEQ Title 30 TAC Chapter 285. The sewage disposal plan shall be performed according rules and regulations established by the Burleson County On-site Sewage Facility (OSSF) Order and TCEQ Title 30 TAC Chapter 285.

APPENDIX B

FEEES

APPENDIX C

CERTIFICATES AND DEDICATIONS

PRELIMINARY PLAN CERTIFICATION

Preliminary Plan Commissioner's Court Approval:

The Commissioner's Court of Burleson County, Texas voted affirmatively to recommend conditional approval of this Preliminary Plan, subject to conditions enumerated in minutes of this date.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20____."

County Judge
Burleson County, Texas

FINAL PLAT CERTIFICATION

Certificate of Ownership and Dedication as follows:

"I (or we) _____ Owner(s) and developer(s) of the land shown on this plat and designated herein as _____, a Subdivision in Burleson County, Texas, and whose name(s) is/are subscribed hereto, hereby dedicate to the use of the public forever all Rights-of-Way, Easements, and other public places shown herein."

Signature

With appropriate acknowledgement(s).

A Certificate of Mortgagee, if any, as follows:

"The undersigned, holder of a deed of trust lien or other encumbrance against the property subdivided herein, hereby joins in the dedication of all Streets, alleys, parks, and utility Easements to the public as set forth in the Owner's Certificate hereon.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20____."

Mortgagee

A Certificate of Surveyor as follows:

"I, _____, Registered Professional Land Surveyor (RPLS), in the State of Texas, hereby certify that this plat is true and correct, was prepared from an actual survey of the property made on the ground under my supervision."

Surveyor

A Certificate of Engineer as follows:

"I, _____, Registered Engineer, certify that proper engineering consideration has been given to the Improvements described herein."

Engineer

A Certificate of Approval as follows:

"This Subdivision plat was duly approved by the Commissioner's Court of Burleson County, Texas, as the Final Plat of such Subdivision on the _____ day of _____, 20____.

Signed this the _____ day of _____, 20____."

County Judge
Burleson County, Texas

A Certificate of the County Clerk as follows:

"I, _____, County Clerk of Burleson County, Texas, do hereby certify that this plat, with its certificates of authentication was filed for record on the _____ day of _____, 20____, and duly recorded in Volume _____, Page _____, Official Records of Burleson County, Texas."

County Clerk
Burleson County, Texas

APPENDIX D

RIGHT-OF-WAY ACCESS PERMIT APPLICATION

SUBJECT PROPERTY INFORMATION	
APPLICATION DATE:	RESUBMITTAL: <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
PROJECT / SUBDIVISION NAME:	
PROJECT ADDRESS OR LOCATION:	
COUNTY ROAD:	COMMISSIONER PRECINCT:
LEGAL DESCRIPTION:	
IF RESUBMITTAL, PROJECT FORMERLY KNOWN AS:	

TYPE OF APPLICATION		
<input type="checkbox"/> DRIVEWAY	<input type="checkbox"/> SIDEWALK	<input type="checkbox"/> MAILBOX
<input type="checkbox"/> CULVERT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER	

APPLICATION PURPOSE		
<input type="checkbox"/> RESIDENTIAL	<input type="checkbox"/> MANUFACTURED HOME RENTAL COMMUNITY	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCIAL
<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (Please explain):		

FLOODPLAIN	
IS ANY OF THE PROPERTY LOCATED IN A FLOODPLAIN OR FLOOD HAZARD AREA?	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
<p>Acknowledgment: The flood hazard boundary maps and other flood data used by Burleson County in evaluating flood hazards to proposed Developments are considered reasonable and accurate for regulatory purposes and are based on the best available scientific and engineering data. On rare occasions greater floods can and will occur and flood heights may be increased by man-made or natural causes. Issuance of a Floodplain Permit in accordance with the Burleson County Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance does not imply that Development outside the areas of special flood hazard will be free from flooding or flood damage. Issuance of a permit shall not create liability on the part of Burleson County or any officer or employee of Burleson County in the event flooding or flood damage does occur.</p>	

TXDOT RIGHT-OF-WAY	
WILL ANY CONSTRUCTION OCCUR IN TXDOT RIGHT-OF-WAYS?	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO

DIGITAL FILE SUBMISSION			
COUNTY ENGINEER	<input type="checkbox"/> ADOBE (.pdf file)	<input type="checkbox"/> AutoCAD (.dwg file)	(Email To:)
911 ADDRESSING	<input type="checkbox"/> ADOBE (.pdf file)	<input type="checkbox"/> AutoCAD (.dwg file)	(Email To:)

CONTACT INFORMATION	
APPLICANT INFORMATION	

FIRM NAME:		
CONTACT:		
ADDRESS:		
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP:
PHONE:	FAX:	
EMAIL:		

PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION		
FIRM NAME:		
CONTACT:		
ADDRESS:		
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP:
PHONE:	FAX:	
EMAIL:		

PROPERTY OWNER CONSENT / AGENT AUTHORIZATION		
By my signature, I hereby affirm that I am the property Owner of record, or if the applicant is an organization or business entity, that authorization has been granted to represent the Owner, organization or business in this Application. I certify that the preceding information is complete and accurate, and it is understood that I agree to the Development/Subdivision of this property.		
SIGNATURE:	PRINTED NAME:	DATE:
SIGNATURE:	PRINTED NAME:	DATE:
By signing this form, the Owner of the property authorizes Burleson County to begin proceedings in accordance with the process for this type of Application indicated on page one of this Application. The Owner further acknowledges that submission of an Application does not in any way obligate the County to approve the Application and that although County staff may make certain recommendations regarding this Application, the Commissioner's Court may not follow that recommendation and may make a final decision that does not conform to the staff's recommendation.		

CALCULATIONS OF FEES	
NEW RESIDENTIAL:	NEW COMMERCIAL:
EXISTING RESIDENTIAL:	EXISTING COMMERCIAL:

RECEIPT BY BURLESON COUNTY (Official Use Only)	
DATE APPLICATION RECEIVED: ____ / ____ / ____	DATE APPLICATION RECEIVED / REJECTED: ____ / ____ / ____
SIGNATURE:	SIGNATURE:
Receipt of this Application by Burleson County does not provide confirmation or acceptance of a complete Application, nor does it waive requirements for any additional information not contained as part of this Application which may also be needed as a part of the review process.	

County will assist as follows:

SIZE ONLY: _____

(Note: In subdivisions and on roads not maintained by Burleson County, the County will only size Culvert; the Owner will be responsible for installation)

CULVERT LOCATION (if the property is located in a subdivision, please provide the lot and block number; if not in a subdivision, provide approximate distance from the nearest intersecting road and whether the entrance is on the left or right side of the roadway):

Culvert/Driveway location must be staked with T-posts or wooden posts at least 3-feet long with flagging at top of stakes and placed approximately 25-feet apart.

County will determine/verify size of culvert.

The Commissioners Court of Burleson County, Texas hereby authorizes you (Applicant) to (re) construct facilities on the County right-of-way for Development of access to your property abutting

_____ located _____
provided you agree to and comply with the aforementioned responsibilities and requirements.

Commissioners Court of Burleson County, Texas

County Engineer / Designee

APPLICANT / PROPERTY OWNER CERTIFICATION:

This permit shall not be valid until Applicant signs the statement in which he/she agrees to comply with conditions herein.

I, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept and comply with the terms set out in this permit for construction of access driveway facilities on road right-of-way.

Should the Applicant/property owner elect to install a driveway improvement within the right-of-way constructed of concrete pavement, brick or stone pavers, or other rigid material the Applicant/property owner shall become solely responsible for the structure. Should removal of a portion or entire driveway or mailbox become necessary for any reason deemed by Burleson County, the cost of removal, and the cost for replacement, shall be the sole responsibility of the property owner.

I certify that I have read the Burleson County regulations and agree to abide by them.

I further acknowledge and agree that the obligations and duties contained herein shall be binding on Property Owners, heirs, successors, and assigns.

Signature: _____ **Printed Name:** _____

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF BURLESON

This instrument was acknowledged before me on _____ by

_____.

_____ NOTARY PUBLIC

Printed Name: _____

My Commission Expires: _____

Appendix E

E.1 Requirements for Privately Maintained Streets

Private streets must meet the following special requirements in addition to all of the standard requirements for public streets:

- A. Primary access into a private street subdivision shall be from a major roadway, which has a minimum right-of-way of sixty (60) feet, or from a larger roadway. Restricted access entrances shall not be allowed from alleys or private driveways or parking lots.
- B. Any private street (and any other type of gated entrance) which has an access control gate or cross-arm must have a minimum uninterrupted pavement width of twenty-four (24) feet at the location of the gate or access control device, both ingress point and egress point, regardless of the type of device used. If an overhead, or lift-up, barrier is used, it must be a minimum of sixteen (16) feet in height above the road surface, and this clearance height shall be extended for a minimum distance of fifty (50) feet in front of and behind the location of the device. All gates and cross-arms must be of a breakaway design. A minimum vehicle stacking distance of one hundred (100) feet shall be provided from the right-of-way line of the public road from which the private street subdivision is accessed to the first vehicle stopping point, which is usually an access request keypad, a telephone, or a guard's window. Adequate distance shall be provided between the access request point(s) and the entry barrier, or gate, to accommodate a vehicle turnaround as described below.
- C. A paved turnaround space must be located in front of (i.e., prior to passage of) any restricted access entrance barrier, between the access request device and the barrier or gate, to allow vehicles that are denied access to safely exit onto public streets without having to back up, particularly into the public street upon which the entrance is located. The design and geometry of such turnaround shall be of such pavement width and having such inside turning radius that it will accommodate smooth, single-motion U-turn movements by the following types of vehicles:
 1. Larger passenger vehicles, such as full-sized vans and pickup trucks,
 2. Passenger vehicles with short trailers up to twenty-four (24) feet in length, such as small flatbed, camping or box-type trailers,
 3. The types of service and utility trucks that typically visit or make deliveries to neighborhoods that are similar to the proposed private street subdivision, such as utility service vehicles, postal or UPS delivery trucks, and two- to three-axle flatbed or box-type trucks used by contractors and moving companies.
- D. The County Engineer or the Commissioners Court may require submission of additional drawings, plans or exhibits demonstrating that the proposed turnaround will work properly, and that vehicle turnaround movements will not compromise public safety on the entry roadway or on the

adjacent public street(s).

- E. Any public water, sewer and drainage facilities, streetlights, and traffic-control devices, such as traffic signs, placed within the Private Subdivision shall be designed and constructed to County standards. All private traffic-control devices and regulatory signs shall conform to County standards.

- F. The entrances to all private streets shall be clearly marked with a sign, placed in a prominent and visible location, stating that the streets within the subdivision are private, and that they are not maintained nor regularly patrolled by the County. All restricted access entrances must provide a reliable means of ensuring County, emergency access, and access by utility or public service providers, such as postal carriers and utility companies, with appropriate identification to the subdivision. The method to be used to ensure County and emergency access into the subdivision shall be approved by the County and by all applicable emergency services providers prior to engineering release for construction of the subdivision. If the association or district fails to maintain reliable access as required herein, the County may enter the subdivision and remove any gate or device which is a barrier to access at the sole expense of the association. The applicable association or district documents shall contain provisions in conformity with this Section which may not be amended without the written consent of the County.

Appendix F

F.1 Development Note

No structure or land within this plat shall hereafter be located or altered without first obtaining a Development Permit from the Burleson County floodplain administrator.

The minimum lowest finished floor elevation shall be one (1) foot higher than the highest spot elevation that is located within five (5) feet outside the perimeter of the building, or two (2) feet above the Base Flood Elevation (“BFE”), whichever is higher.

F.2 Mailboxes

Rural mailboxes shall be set five (5) feet from the edge of the pavement or behind curbs, when used. All mailboxes within county arterial right-of-way shall meet the current TxDOT standards. Any mailbox that does not meet this requirement may be removed by Burleson County.

For Single-Family Residential Developments, Multi-Unit Residential Developments or Manufactured Home Communities, Neighbor Delivery and Collection Box Units (“NDCBUs”), or community mailboxes, shall be required. If possible, these mailbox units should be installed on low volume intersecting roadways or on private property. Locations for the NDCBUs shall be shown on the construction Plans.

F.3 Roadway Construction

In approving this plat by the Commissioner’s Court of Burleson County, Texas, it is understood that the building of all roads, and other public thoroughfares and any bridges or culverts necessary to be constructed or placed is the responsibility of the owner(s) of the tract of land covered by this plat in accordance with the plans and specifications prescribed by the Commissioner’s Court of Burleson County, Texas. Said Commissioner’s Court assumes no obligation to build any of the roads, or other public thoroughfares shown on this plat, or of constructing any of the bridges or drainage improvements in connection therewith. The County will assume no responsibility for drainage ways or easements in the subdivision, other than those draining or protecting the road system.

F.4 Owner’s Responsibilities

It is the responsibility of the owner, not the County, to assure compliance with the provisions of all applicable state, federal and local laws and regulations relating to the platting and Development of this property.

The County assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of representations by the other parties in this plat. Floodplain data, in particular, may change. It is further understood that the owners of the tract of land covered by this plat must install at their own expense all traffic control devices and signage that may be required before the roads in the subdivision have finally been accepted for maintenance by the County.